



AIR QUALITY DEPARTMENT
1001 North Central Ave., Suite 125
Phoenix, Arizona 85004-1942
(602) 506-6010
(602) 506-6985 (FAX)



TITLE V AIR QUALITY OPERATING PERMIT

Permit Number: V15002
Revision Number 0.1.0.0

Original Issue Date: January 11, 2016
Revision Date: March 27, 2017
Expiration Date: January 31, 2021

Permittee Name: Intel Corp – Ocotillo Campus
Mailing Address: 4500 S Dobson Road OC4-005 Chandler, AZ 85248
Business Name: Intel Corporation
Facility Address: 4500 S Dobson Road. Chandler, AZ 85248

Equipment and Processes Covered: Semiconductor Manufacturing with CO, NO_x, VOC, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} emissions above the Title V Permitting threshold.

This Permit is issued in accordance with Maricopa County Air Pollution Control Regulations, Rule 200, §301, and Arizona Revised Statutes, §49-404c and §49-480. The attached Permit Conditions are incorporated into and form an integral part of this Permit. The Permit is issued to provide regulators, site operators or owners, and members of the public, a clear picture of what the Permit holder is required to do to meet applicable requirements. As the Permit holder, you are expected to review this Permit, become familiar with its provisions and conditions and to operate in conformance with them. This Permit is an enforceable document. Failure to conform to the emission limits and any other condition contained in the Permit is a violation of law and will form the basis of enforcement action by the department which may include civil or criminal sanctions.

If the MCAQD Control Officer determines that additional monitoring, sampling, modeling and/or control of emissions from the facility may reasonably be needed to provide for the continued protection of public health, safety and/or welfare, the MCAQD Control Officer will amend the provisions of this Permit. This Permit may be subject to suspension or revocation for cause including nonpayment of fees, noncompliance with Arizona State Statutes, Maricopa County Air Quality Regulations, or the attached Permit Conditions, or if the MCAQD Control Officer determines that significant misrepresentation exists in the application and supporting documentation filed to obtain or modify this Permit.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Philip A. McNeely". The signature is written in a cursive style and is positioned above a horizontal line.

Philip A. McNeely, R.G.
Maricopa County Air Quality Control Officer



Maricopa County

Air Quality Department

AIR QUALITY DEPARTMENT

1001 North Central Avenue

Phoenix, AZ 85004

COMMON ABBREVIATIONS:

AAAC	Acute Ambient Air Concentration
AAAQGs	Arizona Ambient Air Quality Guidelines
AAC	Arizona Administrative Code
AASP	Accredited Audit Sample Provider
Act	Federal Clean Air Act
ADEQ	Arizona Department of Environmental Quality
AIRS	Aerometric Information Retrieval System
AMC	Adequate Maintenance and Calibration
AP-42	EPA Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors
ARS	Arizona Revised Statutes
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials
AZMACT	Arizona Maximum Achievable Control Technology
BACT	Best Available Control Technology
BHP	Brake Horsepower
BRW	Brine Reject Water
BSSW	Basic Specialty Solvent Waste
BTU	British Thermal Unit
CAA	Clean Air Act
CAAC	Chronic Ambient Air Concentration
CAM	Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service
CEMS	Continuous emissions monitoring system
CFM	Cubic Feet per Minute
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CI	Compression Ignition
Cl ₂	Chlorine
CO	Carbon Monoxide
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide
CO2E	Carbon Dioxide Equivalent
CUB	Central Utilities Building
DRE	Destruction and Removal Efficiency
dscf	Dry standard cubic feet
ECS	Emission Control System
EF	Emission Factor
EGEN	Emergency Generator
EPA	US Environmental Protection Agency
FAB	Semiconductor Manufacturing (Fabrication) Plant
F-Gas	Fluorinated gas that is a regulated Greenhouse Gas
FDL	Field Detection Limit
Fpump	Fire Pump Diesel Engine
FTIR	Fourier Transfer Infrared Spectroscopy
GAL	Gallon
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant
HC	Hydrocarbon
HCl	Hydrogen Chloride
HF	Hydrogen Fluoride
HHV	Higher Heating Value
HP	Horsepower
HR	Hour



Maricopa County

Air Quality Department

AIR QUALITY DEPARTMENT

1001 North Central Avenue

Phoenix, AZ 85004

ICE	Internal Combustion Engine
ID	Identification number
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
IWW	Industrial Wastewater
Kg	Kilogram
lb/hr	Pound per Hour
LCE	Low Cost Expansion
MACT	Maximum Available Control Technology
MCAQD	Maricopa County Air Quality Department
MDL	Minimum Detection Limit
Mfg	Manufacturer/Manufacturing
MMBtu	Million British Thermal Units
MMscf	Million Standard Cubic Feet
MOR	Model of Record
NA	Not Applicable
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NESHAP	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NG	Natural Gas
NMHC	Non-Methane hydrocarbon
NO _x	Nitrogen Oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
O&M	Operations and maintenance
O ₂	Oxygen (common gaseous form)
PA	Performance Audit
PAL	Plant-wide Applicability Limit
Pb	Lead
PFCs	Perfluorocarbons
PI	Production Index
PM	Particulate Matter
PM ₁₀	Particulate Matter equal to or less than 10 micrograms aerodynamic diameter
PM _{2.5}	Particulate Matter equal to or less than 2.5 micrograms aerodynamic diameter
POTW	Publicly Owned Treatment Works
POU	Point of Use
PPM	Parts Per Million
PSEL	Plant Site Emission Limits
Psia	Pounds per square inch, actual
PT	Performance Test
PTE	Potential to Emit
RACT	Reasonably Available Control Technology
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RCTO	Rotor Concentrator Thermal Oxidizer
RICE	Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine
RVP	Reid Vapor Pressure
SF ₆	Sulfur hexafluoride
SIA	Semiconductor Industry Association
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SO ₂	Sulfur dioxide
SO _x	Sulfur Oxides
Title V	Title V of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990



Maricopa County

Air Quality Department

AIR QUALITY DEPARTMENT
1001 North Central Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85004

TFV	Threshold Friction Velocity
TO	Thermal Oxidizer
TPU	Thermal Processing Unit
TPY	Tons per Year
TR	Test Result
TRMX	Trimix Ammonia Treatment System
UC	Uncontrolled
VE	Visible Emissions
VFD	Variable Frequency Devices
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS..... 1

1. Allowable Emission Limitations:..... 1

2. Emissions Calculations: 1

SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING..... 5

3. Solvent Cleaning Stations: 5

4. Solvent Storage and Disposal:..... 5

5. Semiconductor Systems: 6

6. Control Requirements: 6

7. Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Plans: 7

EMERGENCY ENGINES 8

8. Operational Limitations: 8

9. Fuel Limitations: 8

Additional requirements for emergency engines subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart III 9

10. Emissions Limitations/Standards: 9

11. Operating Requirements:..... 9

12. Fuel Limitations: 10

13. Monitoring:..... 10

Additional requirements for emergency engines subject to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ..... 10

14. General Compliance Requirements:..... 10

15. Operating Requirements:..... 11

16. Work and Management Practices:..... 11

EXTERNAL COMBUSTION SOURCES (BOILERS/HEATERS/VOC ABATEMENT UNITS/TRMX)..... 12

17. Material Limitations:..... 12

18. Operational Limitations: 12

19. Limitations – Nitrogen Oxides and Carbon Monoxide: 12

Additional requirements for boilers with input capacities between 10 MMBtu/Hr and 100 MMBtu/Hr 13

20. New Source Performance Standard (NSPS): 13

COOLING TOWER OPERATIONS: 14

21. Operating Limitations: 14

ARCHITECTURAL COATING OPERATIONS 14

22. Operational Limitations / Standards:..... 14

SURFACE COATING OPERATIONS 16

23. Rule 336 Applicability: 16

24. 40 CFR 63 Subpart HHHHHH Applicability: 16

STORAGE SILOS..... 16

25. Process Emission Limitations and Controls:..... 16

INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER (IWW) PLANT 16

26. Standards: 16

27. Limitation - Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S): 17

FUGITIVE DUST FROM DUST-GENERATING OPERATIONS.....	18
28. General Requirements for Dust-Generating Operations:	18
29. Exemptions:.....	18
30. Dust Control Plan Requirements:.....	19
31. Visible Emission Requirements for Dust-Generating Operations:.....	19
32. Exemptions from Dust-Generating Operation Opacity Limitation Requirement:	19
33. Stabilization Requirements for Dust-Generating Operations:.....	20
34. Soil Moisture:.....	21
35. Dust Control Training Classes for Dust-Generating Operations:.....	21
36. Dust Control Plan Revisions:	21
37. Records Retention:	22
SITE-WIDE REQUIREMENTS	22
38. Opacity:	22
39. Recordkeeping:.....	22
40. Reporting:.....	24
41. Performance Testing:	26
42. Optional Compliance Demonstrations:	32
<u>GENERAL CONDITIONS</u>	33
43. Air Pollution Prohibited:	33
44. Circumvention:.....	33
45. Certification of Truth, Accuracy, and Completeness:	33
46. Compliance:	33
47. Confidentiality Claims:	34
48. Contingent Requirements:.....	34
49. Duty To Supplement Or Correct Application:	35
50. Emergency Episodes:	35
51. Emergency Provisions:.....	35
52. Excess Emissions:	35
53. Fees:	35
54. Modeling:	36
55. Monitoring and Testing:.....	36
56. Permits:	36
57. Recordkeeping:.....	39
58. Reporting:.....	40
59. Right to Entry and Inspection of Premises:.....	42

In accordance with Maricopa County Air Pollution Control Rules and Regulations (Rules), Rule 210 §302.2, all Conditions of this Permit are federally enforceable unless they are identified as being locally enforceable only. However, any Permit Condition identified as locally enforceable only will become federally enforceable if, during the term of this Permit, the underlying requirement becomes a requirement of the Clean Air Act (CAA) or any of the CAA's applicable requirements.

All federally enforceable terms and conditions of this Permit are enforceable by the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (Administrator or Administrator of the USEPA hereafter) and citizens under the CAA.

Any cited regulatory paragraphs or section numbers refer to the version of the regulation that was in effect on the first date of public notice of the applicable Permit Condition unless specified otherwise. In the event the rules and regulations are amended during the term of this Permit, the amended rules and regulations shall apply to this Permit.

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

1. Allowable Emission Limitations:

- a. The Permittee shall not allow Fab 12 and Fab 32S/32 emissions into the atmosphere to exceed any of the following limits:

Pollutant	12-Month Rolling Total
Total Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	90 tons
Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x)	90 tons
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	184 tons
Particulate of 10 Microns or Smaller (PM ₁₀)	63 tons
Particulate of 2.5 Microns or Smaller (PM _{2.5})	63 tons
Oxides of Sulfur (SO _x)	15 tons

[County Rule 201 §301][SIP R18-2-306.02.A]

- b. The Permittee shall not allow Fab 42 emissions into the atmosphere to exceed any of the following limits:

Pollutant	12-Month Rolling Total
Total Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	90 tons
Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x)	90 tons
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	189 tons
Particulate of 10 Microns or Smaller (PM ₁₀)	63 tons
Particulate of 2.5 Microns or Smaller (PM _{2.5})	63 tons
Oxides of Sulfur (SO _x)	20 tons

[County Rule 201 §301][SIP R18-2-306.02.A]

- c. The Permittee shall not allow site-wide HAP emissions into the atmosphere to exceed any of the following limits:

Pollutant	12-Month Rolling Total
Total Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	22 tons
Any Single HAP	9 tons

[County Rule 201 §301][SIP R18-2-306.02.A]

- d. These emission limits are for non-fugitive emissions at the Intel Facility, except for "Total HAPs" and "Any single HAP" which include both fugitive and non-fugitive.

2. Emissions Calculations:

The Permittee shall maintain records of the 12-month rolling total emissions to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits of Permit Condition 1 by calculating and recording the 12-month rolling total emissions using the methodologies and emission factors (EFs) outlined below. The 12-month rolling total emissions shall be calculated for each pollutant listed in Permit Condition 1 within 45 days following the end of each calendar month by summing the emissions over the most recent 12 calendar months. The Permittee shall report these records to MCAQD according to Permit Condition 40.a or at the request of the Control Officer.

For process emissions not outlined below, the Permittee shall use the methodology most similar to the methodology submitted in the permit application or in writing to the Control Officer.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

a. Emergency Engine Emissions:

Emissions from emergency engines shall be calculated using EFs from EPA AP-42 Chapters 3.3 and 3.4: Emission Factors for Diesel Engines or the manufacturer specification sheet using the following equation:

$$E_i = R \times U \times F_i$$

Where,

E_i = Emission of Species i, lb/yr

R = Horsepower Rating of Engine

U = Usage of Engine, hours/year

F_i = Emission Factor for Species i, lb/hp-hr

b. Natural Gas Combustion Emissions:

- i. Emissions from fuel burning equipment equipped with a dedicated natural gas meter shall be calculated using actual or representative sample performance testing data as outlined in Permit Condition 41. In cases where performance test data are unavailable, the Permittee shall use EFs from either the unit specific manufacturer's specification sheets or EPA AP-42 Chapter 1.4: Natural Gas Combustion.
- ii. NO_x and CO emissions from the TRMX systems shall be calculated using performance testing as outlined in Permit Condition 41.a.v.
- iii. NO_x and CO emissions from the VOC abatement units shall be determined through performance testing as outlined in Permit Condition 41.a.ii.
- iv. Emissions from any remaining natural gas combustion shall be calculated based on appropriate EFs from EPA AP-42 Chapter 1.4: Natural Gas Combustion, including HAP emissions.

c. Semiconductor Mfg HAPs:

HAP emissions shall be determined using the following calculation methods:

$$\text{Monthly HAP Emissions} = (\text{TR HAPs}) \times \text{PI} + (\text{EF HAPs}) + (\text{RCTO HAPs}) + (\text{FUG HAPs}) + (\text{UC HAPs})$$

Where:

- i. TR (Test Result) HAPs: Emissions of HCl and HF shall be determined through stack testing at the outlet of each Fab scrubber using the test methods outlined in Permit Condition 41.a.i. HAPs that are intermittently detected during the testing will be assumed to be present at levels of ½ Field Detection Limit (FDL) during the periods where they are below the detection limit. The Permittee has the ability to re-test at any time and utilize the latest stack test data in emission calculations so long as proper testing protocols are followed.
- ii. PI (Production Index): Performance TRs shall be adjusted monthly to account for changes in the manufacturing levels using the PI (outlined below).

$$\text{Monthly PI} = \frac{(\text{Average Wafer Outs for the month})}{(\text{Average Wafer Outs during the test period})}$$

The average wafer outs during the test period shall be listed in the test report for review.

- iii. EF HAPs: For HAPs, other than HCl and HF, the Permittee shall utilize compound specific EFs based on internal Intel testing of process tools and control equipment. These EFs will be applied to the total quantity of each compound used in order to calculate emissions.

- iv. RCTO HAPs: HAPs that are VOCs exhausted by VOC abatement units shall either be tested via the FTIR method or calculated by using mass balance, engineering calculation, or EFs.
 - v. FUG HAPs: Fugitive HAPs used in fabs, but not emitted directly from process tools that are not tested, shall be calculated by using mass balance, engineering calculation, or EFs submitted to MCAQD annually, as part of the first Quarterly Emission Report of the calendar year required by Permit Condition 40.a. Fugitive emissions are defined, under County Rule 100 §200.58, as those emissions which could not reasonably pass through a stack, chimney, vent, or other functionally equivalent opening.
 - vi. UC HAPs: Uncontrolled HAPs used in fabs, but not emitted directly from process tools that are not tested, shall be calculated by using mass balance, engineering calculation, or EFs submitted to MCAQD annually, as part of the first Quarterly Emission Report of the calendar year required by Permit Condition 40.a.
- d. Semiconductor Mfg VOCs:

VOC emissions shall be determined using the following calculation methods:

$$\text{Monthly VOC Emissions} = (\text{TR VOCs}) \times \text{PI} + (\text{Scr VOCs}) \times \text{PI} + (\text{HAP VOCs}) + (\text{UC VOCs})$$

Where:

- i. TR VOCs: VOC abatement unit emissions of VOCs shall be determined through stack testing per Permit Condition 41.a.ii. The total hydrocarbon results shall be reported as propane. The Permittee may perform additional monitoring via FTIR or a methane/non-methane hydrocarbon analyzer to quantify the methane and ethane portion of the total hydrocarbons and subtract this portion. The Permittee may re-test at any time and utilize the latest stack test data in emission calculations so long as proper testing protocols are followed.
- ii. PI: Performance TRs shall be adjusted monthly to account for changes in the manufacturing levels using the PI (outlined below).

$$\text{Monthly PI} = \frac{(\text{Average Wafer Outs for the month})}{(\text{Average Wafer Outs during the test period})}$$

The average wafer outs during the test period shall be listed in the test report for review.

- iii. Scr VOCs: The Permittee shall quantify emissions of VOCs in the Fab scrubber exhaust stacks per Permit Condition 41.a.i. Any VOCs detected will be quantified and added to the 12-month rolling total VOC emissions for Fab 12, Fab 32S/32, and Fab 42. The Permittee may perform additional testing to quantify the methane and ethane portion of the total hydrocarbons and subtract this portion.
 - iv. HAP VOCs: HAPs that are VOCs will be calculated as described in Permit Condition 2.c.iv above.
 - v. UC VOCs: Uncontrolled VOCs used in fabs, but not emitted directly from a process tool, will be calculated by using mass balance or engineering calculation submitted to MCAQD annually, as part of the first Quarterly Emission Report of the calendar year required by Permit Condition 40.a.
- e. Semiconductor Mfg NO_x and CO:

NO_x and CO emissions shall be determined using the following calculation methods:

$$\text{Monthly NO}_x \text{ Emissions} = (\text{TR NO}_x) \times \text{PI} + (\text{NG NO}_x)$$

$$\text{Monthly CO Emissions} = (\text{TR CO}) \times \text{PI} + (\text{NG CO})$$

Where:

- i. TR NO_x and TR CO: The Permittee shall quantify emissions of NO_x and CO in the Fab scrubber exhaust stacks as outlined in Permit Condition 41.a.i. The Permittee has the ability to re-test at any time and utilize the latest stack test data in emission calculations so long as proper testing protocols are followed.
- ii. PI: Performance TRs shall be adjusted monthly to account for changes in the manufacturing levels using the PI (outlined below).

$$\text{Monthly PI} = \frac{(\text{Average Wafer Outs for the month})}{(\text{Average Wafer Outs during the test period})}$$

The average wafer outs during the test period shall be listed in the test report for review.

- iii. NG NO_x and NG CO: Emissions of NO_x and CO from natural gas combustion shall be determined as specified in Permit Condition 2.b.
- f. Semiconductor Mfg PM₁₀/PM_{2.5}:
- i. PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} emissions shall be determined through annual stack testing. The Permittee has the ability to re-test at any time and utilize the latest stack test data in emission calculations so long as proper testing protocols are followed.
 - ii. Monthly emissions shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{Monthly PM}_{10}/\text{PM}_{2.5} \text{ Emissions} = (\text{TR PM}_{10}/\text{PM}_{2.5}) \times \text{PI}$$

Where:

- 1) TR PM₁₀/PM_{2.5}: Emissions of PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} shall be determined through stack testing at the outlet of each Fab RCTO and wet scrubber using the test methods outlined in Permit Condition 41.
- 2) PI (Production Index): Performance TRs shall be adjusted monthly to account for changes in the manufacturing levels using the PI (outlined below).

$$\text{Monthly PI} = \frac{(\text{Average Wafer Outs for the month})}{(\text{Average Wafer Outs during the test period})}$$

The average wafer outs during the test period shall be listed in the test report for review.

- g. PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} Emissions from Cooling Towers:

- i. Monthly emissions shall be calculated using the following equations:

$$\text{PM}_{10} \left(\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{hr}} \right) = \text{Tower Capacity (gpm)} \times \text{TDS (ppm)} \times \left(8.34 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}} \right) \times (\% \text{ Drift}) \times \left(60 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{hr}} \right) \times \left(0.315 \frac{\text{PM}_{10}}{\text{PM}} \right) \times (10^{-6} \text{ ppm})$$

$$\text{TDS (ppm)} = \text{Conductivity} \times 0.67$$

$$\text{PM}_{2.5} = \text{PM}_{10} \times 0.6$$

- ii. In lieu of tracking the actual monthly flow rate (Tower Capacity) of water for each set of cooling towers, the Permittee may estimate the monthly flow rate based on the monthly operating time and maximum capacity in gallons per minute (gpm) of each set of towers.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING

3. Solvent Cleaning Stations:

The Permittee shall operate solvent cleaning stations which contain more than 10% VOC materials, in accordance with all of the following requirements:

- a. Each heated or unheated reservoir, sink, and container that transfers, stores, or holds VOC-containing material shall be provided with a full cover. A cover shall remain closed except while production, sampling, maintenance, or loading or unloading procedures require operator access.
[County Rule 338 §302.1(a)][SIP Rule 338 §306]
- b. All heated or unheated reservoirs and sinks using VOC-containing materials with a vapor pressure exceeding 33 mm Hg at 20°C (68°F) shall have a freeboard ratio greater than or equal to 1.0.
[County Rule 338 §302.1(b)][Locally Enforceable Only]
- c. Solvent flow of VOC-containing materials shall be applied in a continuous unbroken stream in a manner which shall prevent liquid loss resulting from splashing.
[County Rule 338 §302.1(c)][Locally Enforceable Only]
- d. VOC-containing material used for the purpose of cleaning semiconductor manufacturing equipment shall meet at least one of the following requirements:
 - i. The VOC content of the solvent shall not exceed 200 g/l (1.7 lbs/gallon); or
 - ii. The VOC composite partial pressure shall not exceed 33 mm Hg at 20°C (68°F); or
 - iii. The components being cleaned are totally enclosed during the washing, rinsing, and draining such that no greater than 50 ppm (220 mg/m³) of trace VOC emissions are detected when determined according to Rule 338 §503.5.
[County Rule 338 §302.2][Locally Enforceable Only]
- e. Alternative Compliance for Solvent Processes: As an alternative, the Permittee may demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Permit Conditions 3.a - 3.d by implementing at least one of the following:
 - i. An ECS that achieves an overall control efficiency as required by this permit as verified through the performance testing requirements of Permit Condition 41; or
 - ii. An air-tight or airless system that is both sealed during cleaning and drying and has a sealed, self-contained liquid-solvent recovery system; or
 - iii. Materials in the operation contain less than 100 g VOC/l or no more than 10% VOC by weight.
[County Rule 338 §302.3][SIP Rule 338 §306]

4. Solvent Storage and Disposal:

The Permittee shall comply with all of the following:

- a. All storage of VOC-containing materials subject to evaporation, including the storage of waste solvent and waste solvent residues, shall at all times be stored in closed containers, except when contents are added or removed;
- b. Such containers shall be legibly labeled with their contents;
- c. Disposal of waste or surplus VOC-containing materials shall be done in a manner that does not promote VOC evaporation, such as, but not limited to, via sewage treatment works or having the waste hauled off-site in sealed containers or tank trucks.
[County Rule 338 §305][SIP Rule 338 §305]

5. Semiconductor Systems:

The BSSW treatment system shall not be operated unless the exhaust generated during treatment operations is vented through a Thermal Oxidizer (TO) meeting the requirements in Permit Condition 6.a.i, 6.a.ii, and 6.a.v.
[County Rule 241 §304][Locally Enforceable Only]

6. Control Requirements:

a. VOC abatement units for Semiconductor Fabrication:

The Permittee, to the extent practicable, shall exhaust all process VOC emissions from semiconductor manufacturing operations to a properly functioning VOC abatement unit at all times during normal operation in accordance with the most recently submitted O&M plan.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

i. All VOC abatement units shall be operated to control process VOC emissions from semiconductor manufacturing. The VOC abatement units shall achieve an overall VOC control efficiency as follows:

- 1) Achieve at least 98.5% VOC control when the inlet VOC concentration >2000 ppmv measured as methane; or
- 2) Achieve at least 97% VOC control when the inlet VOC concentration >200 to ≤2000 ppmv measured as methane; or
- 3) Achieve at least 90% VOC control when the inlet VOC concentration ≤200 ppmv measured as methane; or
- 4) An outlet concentration of less than or equal to 10 ppmv measured as methane.

[County Rule 241 §304][Locally Enforceable Only]

ii. All VOC abatement units, as applicable, shall be operated at the same or higher combustion chamber set-point temperature used to demonstrate compliance during the most recent Performance Test. This temperature shall be the average of all the test runs conducted during the most recent performance test.

iii. The Permittee may use Variable Frequency Devices (VFDs) on the RCTOs to reduce emissions of NO_x and CO. Once the Permittee conducts performance testing on the RCTOs that are equipped with VFDs and uses the emission data for compliance, the VFDs shall remain on the RCTOs for as long as the Permittee uses these updated emission factors. If the Permittee wishes to remove the VFDs for any reason, the Permittee should go back to using emission factors from a previous test which did not include the VFD reduction in CO and NO_x.

iv. The VFDs shall be operated according to manufacturer recommendations or alternative methods developed and approved by the Department to ensure proper operation.

v. Compliance with the efficiency requirements of this condition shall be demonstrated in accordance with the testing requirements of Permit Condition 41. Emissions such as those from IPA wipes used in fabs are not considered when determining the control efficiency of the VOC abatement units, since these emissions are accounted for by mass balance as uncontrolled.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

b. The Permittee, to the extent practicable, shall vent inorganic HAP emissions from etch, chemical vapor deposition, and wet bench processes to a wet scrubber at all times during normal operations in accordance with the most recently submitted O&M plan. The scrubbers shall be properly functioning in accordance with the most recently submitted O&M Plan at all times during normal operation. Inorganic HAP emissions from the manufacturing operations shall be vented to the scrubbers unless the Permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Control Officer that connecting the source to the control would result in dilution of the stream to the extent that overall HAP emissions would not be reduced.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

Each scrubber system shall have a removal efficiency of at least 90% by weight for HCl or an outlet concentration for HCl of 1 ppmv or less.

[County Rule 241 §304][Locally Enforceable Only]

- c. New semiconductor manufacturing equipment which has emissions of VOCs or Organic HAPs shall be vented to appropriate control devices in order to meet BACT unless the Permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Control Officer that connecting the source to the control device would result in dilution of the stream to the extent that overall emissions would not be reduced.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

- d. For each piece of equipment for which the Permittee is assuming 100% Capture of VOC, the Permittee shall demonstrate that the ventilation/draft rates of such equipment in accordance with following requirements:

Capture efficiency of an emission control device used to meet the requirements of Permit Condition 6.a.i shall be determined by mass balance in combination with ventilation/draft rate determinations done in accordance with EPA Methods 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D (ventilation/draft rates), or US EPA Test Methods 204, 204a, 204b, 204c, 204d, 204e, and 204f, Appendix M, 40 CFR §51.

Verification that all active hoods and ducts, when measured at any selection of any interior place within them, are at negative pressure relative to adjacent, uncaptured air shall suffice for routine and uncontested demonstration of capture adequacy and this permit condition.

Compliance with this condition shall be verified with the recordkeeping requirements as outlined in Permit Condition 39.1.

[County Rule 338 §503.3][Locally Enforceable Only]

7. Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Plans:

- a. The Permittee shall submit an O&M Plan(s) for the following devices to MCAQD at 1001 N. Central Ave., Phoenix, AZ 85004, Attn: Permitting Manager:

- i. Wet Fume Scrubbers;
- ii. Thermal Oxidizers including BSSW Thermal Oxidizer;
- iii. Rotor Concentrator Thermal Oxidizers (RCTOs); and
- iv. IWW Odor Control Scrubbers.

- b. The Permittee shall submit an O&M Plan, or a revision to an existing plan, for any additional wet scrubber, TOs, RCTOs or other VOC abatement units which are installed during the term of this Permit within 45 days of the equipment being brought online or within 45 days after the new scrubber or oxidizer has achieved the capability to operate at its maximum production rate on a sustained basis, whichever occurs last.

- c. The Permittee shall revise the O&M Plan upon the request of MCAQD and whenever substantive changes are made to the equipment or plan, consistent with MCAQD guidelines.

For the purposes of this condition, substantive changes include changes in procedures, reading ranges, temperature changes, etc. Administrative changes, such as grammar or typographical errors, are not considered substantive changes.

- d. Each O&M Plan shall include requirements for training employees who are responsible for operating or maintaining the emission control devices and the associated monitoring equipment, as necessary.

- e. As part of the O&M Plan, the Permittee shall establish appropriate ranges for the key operating parameters for each control device.

- i. At a minimum the plan shall include:

- 1) Scrubbers: Media static pressure differential, pH level, and water recirculation flow rate.

- 2) RCTOs and BSSW Thermal Oxidizer: Oxidizer combustion temperature.
 - 3) Maintenance requirements for VFDs if installed on the RCTOs.
- f. The Permittee shall monitor, operate and maintain control devices in accordance with the most recently submitted O&M plan. If any control device is found to be operating outside a specified range, the Permittee shall take corrective action as specified in the most recently submitted O&M plan or shut down the device and the equipment vented to it. In the event of any unforeseen downtime such as malfunctions or power outages, the Permittee shall log all of these instances and any root-cause analysis conducted as a result (if applicable).
- g. In order to take abatement credit for POU Exhaust Conditioners Units, the Permittee shall follow the procedures outlined in the MCAQD guidance document “Optional Compliance Demonstrations, A Guideline for Semiconductor Industry, Part II, Procedure to Determine Requirement for Operation and Maintenance Plan Point of Use/Exhaust Conditioner Units,” dated June 4, 2001.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

EMERGENCY ENGINES

All engines on site are subject to Permit Conditions 8 and 9. Additional requirements for engines are outlined in sections “Emergency Engines subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart III” and “Emergency Engines subject to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ”

8. Operational Limitations:

- a. The Permittee shall limit the operation of emergency generator engines and fire pump engines to no more than the following, which include the hours of operation for maintenance checks and readiness testing:
 - i. All single stationary emergency generators – 30 hours per year each.
 - ii. Any single stationary fire pump engines – 50 hours per year each.
[County Rule 201 §301][SIP R18-2-306.02.A]
- b. The emergency generators shall not be used for peak shaving.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]
- c. The emergency generators shall only be used for the following purposes:
 - i. For power when normal power service fails from the serving utility or if onsite electrical transmission or onsite power generation equipment fails;
 - ii. Reliability-related activities such as engine readiness, calibration, or maintenance or to prevent the occurrence of an unsafe condition during electrical system maintenance as long as the total number of hours of the operation does not exceed the hours specified in Section [a] above as evidenced by an installed non-resettable hour meter;
 - iii. Emergency pumping of water resulting from a flood, fire, lightning strikes, police action or for any other essential public services which affect the public health and safety;
 - iv. Lighting airport runways;
 - v. Sewage overflow mitigation and/or prevention;
 - vi. As the prime engine when the prime engine has failed, but only for such time as is needed to repair the prime engine; or
 - vii. To operate standby emergency water pumps for fire control that activate when sensors detect low water pressure.
[County Rule 324 §104][Locally Enforceable Only]

9. Fuel Limitations:

Unless specified below, the Permittee shall not use any fuel that contains more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight,

alone or in combination with other fuels in the engines.

[County Rule 324 §301.1][Locally Enforceable Only]

Additional requirements for emergency engines subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart III

Permit Conditions 10 through 13 apply to affected facilities under 40 CFR 60 Subpart III, which include engines identified in Table 1, below.

Table 1: Emergency engines subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart III

# of Engines	Manufacturer	Model	Rated Brake Horsepower	Location	Year of Manufacture	EPA Emission Standard
3	Cummins	2292 DQKC	2922	Fab 32 Generator House	05/2006	Table 1, NSPS III
2	Caterpillar	3516C D1TA	2937	Fab 32S Litho Generator Pad	2007	Tier II
1	Cummins	2000-DQKAB	2922	Fab 32 Generator House	2008	Tier II
2	MTU	2000-XC6DT2	3058	Fab 32 Litho Generator Pad	2010	Tier II
9	Cummins	500-DQLE	3680	Fab 42 EGEN Building	2011	Tier II
1	Caterpillar	C15 DITA	546	BRW Area RW1A	2012	Tier III
3	Caterpillar	3516C-HD	3634	F12 Litho Generators	2016	Tier II
1	Caterpillar	3516C-HD	3634	IWW Plant	2016	Tier II

10. Emissions Limitations/Standards:

- a. The generators shall meet the EPA Emissions standards as specified in Table 1 above.
- b. The three Fab 32 Emergency Generators – Model Year 2006 Cummins 2292 DQKC 2922 BHP, shall meet emission standards found in Table 1 of 40 CFR 60 Subpart III as required by 40 CFR §60.4205:

Table 2: Engine standards from Table 1 of 40 CFR 60 Subpart III

Maximum engine power	NO _x	HC	CO	PM
KW>560 (HP>750)	9.2 g/KW-hr	1.3 g/KW-hr	11.4 g/KW-hr	0.54 g/KW-hr

[40 CFR §§60.4205, 60.4211(c)]

11. Operating Requirements:

- a. Additional Opacity Standard:
For 2007 model year and later CI ICE rated 3,000 HP or less and 2011 model year and later CI ICE rated greater than 3,000 HP, the Permittee shall not allow exhaust opacity to exceed 15% during the lugging mode. Compliance with this condition shall be verified by purchasing an engine certified to meet this standard, outlined either in a manufacturer's data sheet or other statement given by the engine manufacturer. This restriction does not apply to fire pump engines or engines that run at constant speed.
[40 CFR §§60.4205, 89.113(a)(2)]

- b. Crankcase Emissions:
For the engines specified in Table 1, the Permittee shall not discharge crankcase emissions into the ambient atmosphere, unless such crankcase emissions are permanently routed into the exhaust and included in all exhaust emission measurements. This provision does not apply to engines using

turbochargers, pumps, blowers, or superchargers for air induction or fire pump engines.

[40 CFR §§60.4205, 89.112(e)]

- c. The Permittee shall operate and maintain the engine according to the manufacturer's written instructions, or procedures developed by the Permittee that are approved by the engine manufacturer over the entire life of the engine.

[40 CFR §§60.4206, 60.4211(a)(1)]

- d. The Permittee shall only change those engine settings that are permitted by the manufacturer.

[40 CFR §60.4211(a)(2)]

- e. The Permittee shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR Parts 89 and/or 1068, as they apply.

[40 CFR §60.4211(a)(3)]

12. Fuel Limitations:

The Permittee shall only use diesel fuel that has a minimum cetane index of 40 or a maximum aromatic content of 35 volume percent; and has a maximum sulfur content of 15 parts per million (ppm) in engines subject to NSPS III, except that any existing diesel fuel purchased (or otherwise obtained) prior to October 1, 2010, may be used until depleted.

[40 CFR §§60.4207(a,b), 80.510(a,b)]

13. Monitoring:

For stationary engines that do not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, the Permittee shall install a non-resettable hour meter prior to startup of the engine.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)][40 CFR §60.4209(a)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and d]

Additional requirements for emergency engines subject to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ

Permit Conditions 14 through 16 apply to affected sources subject to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ, which include the engines identified in Table 3.

Table 3: Emergency engines subject to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ

# of Engines	Manufacturer	Model	Rated Brake Horsepower	Location	Year of Manufacture
4	Caterpillar	3516 D1TA	2518	Fab 12 Generator Pad	1994
2	Caterpillar	3306 BT	275	Pumphouse #1 & #2	1994
4	Caterpillar	3516 D1TA	2518	Fab 32S	2000
4	Cummins	1750 DQKB	2922	Fab 32S	2000
1	Caterpillar	3516 D1TA	2518	Fab 12 Generator Pad	2004
1	Caterpillar	3412C D1TA	897	Fab 12 Litho Chiller Pad	2005

14. General Compliance Requirements:

The Permittee shall operate any affected sources, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require the Permittee to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by applicable standards have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to MCAQD which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

[40 CFR §63.6605(b)]

15. Operating Requirements:

- a. The Permittee shall comply with the following maintenance schedule for each engine:
- i. Change oil and filter or perform an Oil Analysis Program every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Base Number, viscosity and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows:
 - 1) Total Base Number is less than 30 percent of the Total Base Number of the oil when new;
 - 2) Viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new;
 - 3) Percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5.

If none of these limits are exceeded, the Permittee is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the Permittee must change the oil before continuing to use the engine. The Permittee must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine

- ii. Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary;
- iii. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.

[40 CFR §63.6603(a); Table 2d(4)]

- b. If an engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the maintenance requirements on the schedule required by this Permit Condition, or if performing the maintenance operations on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law, the maintenance operations can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. The maintenance operations shall be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the maintenance operations on the schedule required and the Federal, State or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable.

[40 CFR §63.6603(a); Table 2d]

- c. During periods of startup, the Permittee shall minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the emission standards applicable to all times other than startup in Tables 1a, 2a, 2c, and 2d to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ apply.

[40 CFR §63.6625(h)]

16. Work and Management Practices:

The Permittee shall comply with one of the following work/management practices:

- a. Operate and maintain the stationary RICE according to the manufacturer's emission-related operation and maintenance instructions; or
- b. Develop and follow your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.

[40 CFR §63.6640(a); Table 6(9)]

EXTERNAL COMBUSTION SOURCES (BOILERS/HEATERS/VOC ABATEMENT UNITS/TRMX)**17. Material Limitations:**

- a. To ensure compliance with the Allowable Emission Limitations in Permit Condition 1, the Permittee shall limit the total 12-month rolling usage of natural gas to not exceed:
 - i. 1,270 MMscf for Fab 12 and Fab 32S/32; and
 - ii. 700 MMscf for Fab 42.
- b. The Permittee shall utilize natural gas meter(s) to account for the usage in Fab 42 separately from the natural gas utilized in Fab 12 and Fab 32S/32.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

18. Operational Limitations:

- a. The Permittee may only use natural gas, butane and propane as fuels for boilers, heaters and rotor-concentrator/thermal oxidizers.
- b. The Permittee shall install and ensure natural gas meters are operational on all boilers.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(b) and (c)(1)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2 and A.3]

19. Limitations – Nitrogen Oxides and Carbon Monoxide:

- a. Boilers

The Permittee shall install, operate, and maintain the burners designed for the boilers not to exceed the NO_x and CO emission limits specified in Table 4, corrected to 3% O₂ when fired by natural gas, in order to meet BACT per County Rule 241 and the emission limits of County Rule 323.

Table 4: NO_x and CO Emission Limits for Boilers

Group as specified in Condition 41.a.iv.2)	Fab	Boiler	Capacity (MMBtu/Hr)	NO _x Emission Limit (ppmv)	CO Emission Limit (ppmv)
Group 1	12	Boiler 1	51.7	12	50
Group 2	12	Boiler 2	52.5	42	100
	12	Boiler 3	52.5	42	100
	12	Boiler 4	52.5	42	100
	12	Boiler 4	52.5	42	100
Group 3	F32S	Boiler 1	31.5	30	50
	F32S	Boiler 2	31.5	30	50
	F32S	Boiler 3	31.5	30	50
	F32S	Boiler 4	31.5	30	50
Group 4	F32S	Boiler 5	42	12	50
Group 5	F32	Boiler 2	10.5	12	50
Group 6	F42	Boiler 1	29.39	9	50
	F42	Boiler 2	29.39	9	50
	F42	Boiler 3	29.39	9	50
Group 7	F42	Boiler 4	14.3	12	50

[County Rule 323 §§304,305][County Rule 241 §304][Locally Enforceable Only]

- b. Fab 42 RCTO VOC Abatement Units:

The Permittee shall install, operate, and maintain the Fab 42 RCTO units designed with low-NO_x burners in order to not exceed the BACT NO_x and CO emission limits specified in Table 5, corrected to 3% O₂ when fired by natural gas.

Table 5: NO_x and CO Emission Limits for RCTO VOC Abatement Units

Fab	RCTO	Capacity (CFM)	NO _x Emission Limit (lb NO _x /hr)	CO Emission Limit (lb CO/hr)
42	RCTO 1 -Munters	44,000	0.34	0.24
42	RCTO 2 -Munters	44,000	0.34	0.24
42	RCTO 3 -Anguil	90,000	0.78	0.54
42	RCTO 4 -Anguil	90,000	0.78	0.54
42	RCTO 5 -Anguil	90,000	0.78	0.54

[County Rule 241 §304][Locally Enforceable Only]

c. Fab 42 TRMX system:

- i. The Permittee shall operate and maintain the selective catalyst reduction (SCR) system designed in the Fab 42 TRMX in order to not exceed the BACT NO_x emission limit of 0.34 lb NO_x/hr for the Fab 42 TRMX system.
- ii. The Permittee shall tune the TRMX burner annually in accordance with good combustion practices or follow the manufacturer's recommended procedure, if applicable, in order to meet BACT for CO from the Fab 42 TRMX system.

[County Rule 241 §304][Locally Enforceable Only]

Additional requirements for boilers with input capacities between 10 MMBtu/Hr and 100 MMBtu/Hr

20. New Source Performance Standard (NSPS):

Boilers for which construction, modification, or reconstruction is commenced after June 9, 1989 and have a maximum design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 10 million Btu/hr, but less than 100 million Btu/hr are subject to Title 40, Part 60, Subpart Dc of the Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc - Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units).

[County Rule 360 §301.5][40 CFR §60.40(c)][A.A.C. R18-2-901.5.]

- a. The Permittee shall submit to the Control Officer notification of the date of construction and actual startup of any affected facility, as provided in 40 §CFR 60.7 and Paragraph b of this Permit Condition. This notification shall include:
 - i. The design heat input capacity of the boiler(s) and identification of fuels to be combusted in the affected facility.
 - ii. The annual capacity factor at which the Permittee anticipates operating the affected facility based on all fuels fired and based on each individual fuel fired.
 - iii. If applicable, a copy of any federally enforceable requirement that limits the annual capacity factor for any fuel or mixture of fuels under §60.42c, or §60.43c.
 - iv. Notification if an emerging technology will be used for controlling SO₂ emissions. The Administrator will examine the description of the control device and will determine whether the technology qualifies as an emerging technology. In making this determination, the Administrator may require the owner or operator of the affected facility to submit additional information concerning the control device. The affected facility is subject to the provisions of §60.42c(a) or (b)(1), unless and until this determination is made by the Administrator.

[40 CFR §60.48c(a)]
- b. The Permittee shall submit to the Control Officer notification of the date of construction or reconstruction, and actual startup of any affected facility, as follows:
 - i. A notification of the date construction or reconstruction of the affected facility is commenced

postmarked no later than 30 days after such date. This requirement shall not apply in the case of mass-produced facilities which are purchased in completed form.

- ii. A notification of the actual date of initial startup of the affected facility postmarked within 15 days after such date.

[40 CFR §60.7]

COOLING TOWER OPERATIONS:

21. Operating Limitations:

To ensure compliance with the emission limitations outlined in Permit Condition 1:

- a. The Permittee shall limit the total dissolved solids (TDS) concentration of the circulating water of each cooling tower unit to 6,500 ppm, based on a 12-month rolling average. The Permittee may calculate this value as a rolling average for the month based on the monthly conductivity sampling described below in Section [g].
- b. The maximum drift rate for the cooling towers, achieved through the use of drift eliminators, shall be no more than:
 - i. 0.001% for the Fab 12, Fab 32S, and Fab 32 cooling towers; and
[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]
 - ii. 0.0005% for the Fab 42 cooling towers.
[County Rule 241 §304][Locally Enforceable Only]
- c. The Permittee shall not allow exhaust from the cooling towers to bypass the drift eliminators.
- d. The Permittee shall inspect the cooling tower drift eliminators for proper installation, maintenance, and operation every 6 months. The results of the inspection shall be recorded in a facility log.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]
- e. The Permittee shall keep written documentation provided by the vendor/manufacturer of the maximum cooling tower drift rate and the premise, basis, and justification for the rate.
- f. The Permittee shall keep maintenance records for the Wet Cooling Tower drift eliminators.
- g. Conductivity:
 - i. On at least a monthly basis, when the towers are in operation, the Permittee shall measure and record the conductivity in the circulating water of each unit cooling. If the towers are not in operation on the scheduled day for sampling, the Permittee shall obtain a sample on the next day the cooling tower is operating.
 - ii. The measured conductivity value will be used in the calculations to determine PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} emissions from each cooling tower. An average conductivity value may be used if multiple readings are taken in one month.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

ARCHITECTURAL COATING OPERATIONS

22. Operational Limitations / Standards:

- a. The Permittee shall limit the volatile organic compound (VOC) content of architectural coatings as follows:
 - i. Pavement Sealer:

The Permittee shall not apply, sell, offer for sale or manufacture for sale within Maricopa County any architectural coating manufactured after July 13, 1988, which is recommended for use as a bituminous pavement sealer unless it is an emulsion type coating.
[County Rule 335 §301][SIP Rule 335 §301]

ii. Non-Flat Architectural Coating:

The Permittee shall not apply, sell, offer for sale or manufacture for sale within Maricopa County any non-flat architectural coating manufactured after July 13, 1990, which contains more than 2.1 lbs (250 g/l) of volatile organic compounds per gallon of coating, excluding water and any colorant added to tint bases. These limits do not apply to specialty coatings listed below in Paragraph iv. of this condition.

[County Rule 335 §303][SIP Rule 335 §303]

iii. Flat Architectural Coating:

The Permittee shall not apply, sell, offer for sale or manufacture for sale within Maricopa County any flat architectural coating manufactured after July 13, 1989, which contains more than 2.1 lbs (250 g/l) of volatile organic compounds per gallon of coating, excluding water and any colorant added to tint bases. These limits do not apply to specialty coatings listed below in Paragraph iv. of this condition.

[County Rule 335 §304][SIP Rule 335 §304]

iv. Specialty Coatings:

The Permittee shall not apply, sell, offer for sale or manufacture for sale within Maricopa County any architectural coating that exceeds the limits specified in County Rule 335 Section 305. The limits are expressed in pounds of VOC per gallon of coating as applied, excluding water and any colorant added to tint bases.

[County Rule 335 §305][SIP Rule 335 §305]

b. Exemptions:

The requirements of this Permit Condition shall not apply to the following:

- i. Architectural coatings supplied in containers having capacities of one quart or less.
- ii. Architectural coatings recommended by the manufacturer for use solely as one or more of the following:
 - 1) Below ground wood preservative coatings.
 - 2) Bond breakers.
 - 3) Fire retardant coatings.
 - 4) Graphic arts coatings (sign paints)
 - 5) Mastic texture coatings.
 - 6) Metallic pigmented coatings.
 - 7) Multi-colored paints.
 - 8) Quick-dry primers, sealers and undercoaters.
 - 9) Shellacs.
 - 10) Swimming pool paints.
 - 11) Tile-like glaze coatings.

[County Rule 335 §§306, 307][SIP Rule 335 §§306, 307]

c. Labeling Required:

Containers for all architectural coatings shall carry a statement of the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning of the coatings. Data may be quantified with either English or metric units. This requirement shall not apply to the thinning of the architectural coatings with water. The recommendation shall specify that the coating is to be employed without thinning or diluting under normal environmental

and application conditions, unless the recommended thinning for normal environmental and application conditions does not cause the coating to exceed its applicable standard. Architectural coatings subject to the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act shall not be subject to the labeling requirements of this condition.

[County Rule 335 §401][SIP Rule 335 §401]

d. **Manufacture Date Required:**

Containers for all coatings subject to the provisions of Rule 335 shall display the date of manufacture of the contents or a code indicating the date of manufacture.

[County Rule 335 §402][SIP Rule 335 §402]

SURFACE COATING OPERATIONS

23. Rule 336 Applicability:

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of County Rule 336, if the Permittee engages in surface coating operations with VOC coatings listed in Tables 336-1 through 336-7 of County Rule 336.

[County Rule 336 §102][Locally Enforceable Only]

24. 40 CFR 63 Subpart HHHHHH Applicability:

The Permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR 63 Subpart HHHHHH if the Permittee engages in any spray application of coatings to any part or product made of metal and/or plastic using coatings containing compounds in excess of the following:

- a. Hexavalent chromium (Cr+6) (*e.g.*, chromates), lead (Pb), nickel (Ni), or cadmium (Cd), if those compounds comprise more than 0.1% of the coating by mass.
- b. Coatings containing compounds of trivalent chromium (Cr+3) or manganese (Mn), if those compounds comprise more than 1.0% of the coating by mass.

[40 CFR 63.11170(a)(3)]

STORAGE SILOS

25. Process Emission Limitations and Controls:

The Permittee shall implement the following process controls:

- a. On all lime storage silos, install an operational overflow warning system/device. The system/device shall be designed to alert and allow the operator(s) to stop the loading operation when the silos are reaching a capacity that could adversely impact pollution control equipment.
- b. On all lime silos, install and operate a properly sized fabric filter baghouse or equivalent device. The baghouse or equivalent device shall be designed to meet a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.01 gr/dscf.

[Rule 241 §302][Locally Enforceable Only]

INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER (IWW) PLANT

26. Standards:

- a. The Permittee shall not emit gaseous or odorous air contaminants from equipment, operations or premises under his control in such quantities or concentrations as to cause air pollution.

[County Rule 320 §300][SIP Rule 32.A]

- b. Where a stack, vent or other outlet is at such a level that air contaminants are discharged to adjoining property, the Control Officer may require the installation of abatement equipment or the alteration of such stack, vent, or other outlet to a degree that will adequately dilute, reduce or eliminate the discharge of air contaminants to adjoining property.

[County Rule 320 §303][SIP Rule 32.D]

- c. Materials, including but not limited to, solvents or other volatile compounds, paints, acids, alkalies, pesticides, fertilizer, and manure shall be processed, stored, used and transported in such a manner and

by such means that they will not unreasonably evaporate, leak, escape or be otherwise discharged into the ambient air so as to cause air pollution. Where means are available to reduce effectively the contribution to air pollution from evaporation, leakage, or discharge, the use of such control methods, devices, or equipment shall be mandatory.

[County Rule 320 §302][SIP Rule 32.C]

27. Limitation - Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S):

- a. No person shall emit H₂S from any location in such a manner or amount that the concentration of such emissions into the ambient air at any occupied place beyond the premises on which the source is located exceeds 0.03 parts per million by volume for any averaging period of 30 minutes or more.

[County Rule 320 §304][SIP Rule 32.G]

b. Compliance Demonstration:

- i. The Permittee shall perform a compliance demonstration by conducting a test to monitor H₂S levels within 60 days of any of the following events:

- 1) After all the IWW odor control scrubbers have achieved the capability to operate at their maximum production rate on a sustained basis; or
- 2) The receipt of three (3) odor complaints within any 12-month period; or
- 3) The receipt of a written request from MCAQD.
- 4) The Permittee shall perform an additional compliance demonstration within six (6) months of completing the initial start-up demonstration.
 - a) If the average H₂S concentration is less than 0.03 ppmv in any of the first two compliance demonstrations, the monitoring shall be subsequently conducted on an annual basis.
 - b) If the H₂S concentration is less than 0.03 ppmv for two consecutive annual compliance demonstrations, compliance demonstrations will no longer be required.
 - c) If results from any compliance demonstration indicate that the H₂S concentration is greater than 0.03 ppmv, the Permittee shall return to the semi-annual compliance demonstration schedule.

[County Rule 210 §§302.1(b) and (c)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2 and A.3]

- ii. The Permittee shall monitor H₂S levels using a portable H₂S gas analyzer approved by the Control Officer, with the capability to detect H₂S at concentrations in the parts per billion by volume (ppbv) range. The analyzer shall be calibrated and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instruction book.

- iii. Monitoring shall be conducted at a minimum of 12 locations of equal spacing along the property line of the facility and shall be collected from between three and six feet above ground surface. The monitoring period for each location shall be a period of ten (10) minutes and the period shall begin as soon as possible after the tester arrives at the sampling location.

- 1) If odors are detectable when the tester arrives at a monitoring location, three readings shall be taken at roughly five-minute intervals.
- 2) If no odors are detectable when the tester arrives at a monitoring location, the tester shall not immediately begin to take readings.
 - a) If odors become noticeable during the ten-minute monitoring period, the tester shall take three readings that are evenly spaced over the remainder of the ten-minute monitoring period.
 - b) If no odors are detectable during the first nine minutes of the sampling period, then the three required readings shall be taken during the final minute of the monitoring period.

[County Rule 270 §408][County Rule 210 §302.1(c)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3]

- iv. The Permittee shall submit a report within 30 days of completion of each demonstration to MCAQD, Attn: Compliance Division Manager that details the results of each compliance demonstration.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(e)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5]

c. Compliance Plan:

- i. In the event of an exceedance of H₂S, the Permittee shall submit a Compliance Plan to the Compliance Manager of MCAQD for approval. The Compliance Plan shall include:
 - 1) Technological evaluation of additional H₂S control alternatives.
 - 2) Additional monitoring and or air dispersion modeling to determine property line H₂S concentration based on the implementation of selected H₂S control alternatives.
 - 3) Conceptual design and preliminary cost estimate for the proposed H₂S control alternatives.
 - 4) Schedule for design and construction of the proposed control alternatives.
 - 5) Description of recommended actions.
- ii. The Permittee shall complete and submit the Compliance Plan within 120 calendar days of the last monitoring measurement indicating an exceedance of the H₂S limit in Permit Condition 27.a.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(b) and (e)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2 and A.5]

FUGITIVE DUST FROM DUST-GENERATING OPERATIONS

28. General Requirements for Dust-Generating Operations:

- a. The provisions of Permit Conditions 28 through 37 apply to all dust-generating operations except for those dust-generating operations listed in Permit Condition 29 below. Any person engaged in a dust-generating operation subject to this Section shall be subject to the standards and/or requirements of this Section before, after, and while conducting such dust-generating operation, including during weekends, after work hours, and on holidays.
- b. For the purpose of Rule 310, any control measure that is implemented must achieve the applicable standard(s) described in Rule 310, as determined by the corresponding test method(s), as applicable, and must achieve other applicable standard(s) set forth in Rule 310.
- c. Regardless of whether a dust-generating operation is in compliance with an approved Dust Control Plan or there is no approved Dust Control Plan, the owner and/or operator of a dust-generating operation shall be subject to all requirements of Rule 310 at all times.
- d. Failure to comply with the provisions of these requirements, as applicable, and/or of an approved Dust Control Plan, shall constitute a violation.

[SIP Rule 310 §§102, 301]

29. Exemptions:

The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the following activities:

- a. Normal farm cultural practices according to Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) §49-457 and A.R.S. §49-504.4.
- b. The following non-traditional sources of fugitive dust that are located at sources that do not require any permit under these rules. These non-traditional sources of fugitive dust are subject to the standards and/or requirements described in Rule 310.01: Fugitive Dust from Non-Traditional Sources of Fugitive Dust of these rules:
 - i. Vehicle use in open areas and vacant lots.
 - ii. Open areas and vacant lots.
 - iii. Unpaved parking lots.

- iv. Unpaved roadways (including alleys).
- v. Livestock activities.
- vi. Erosion-caused deposition of bulk materials onto paved surfaces.
- vii. Easements, rights-of-way, and access roads for utilities (transmission of electricity, natural gas, oil, water, and gas).
- c. Emergency activities that may disturb the soil conducted by any utility or government agency in order to prevent public injury or to restore critical utilities to functional status.
- d. Establishing of initial landscapes without the use of mechanized equipment or conducting landscape maintenance without the use of mechanized equipment. However, establishing initial landscapes without the use of mechanized equipment and conducting landscape maintenance without the use of mechanized equipment shall not include grading or trenching performed to establish initial landscapes or to redesign existing landscapes.
- e. Rooftop operations for cutting, drilling, grinding, or coring roofing tile when such activity is occurring on a pitched roof.

[SIP Rule 310 §103]

30. Dust Control Plan Requirements:

- a. The owner and/or operator of a dust-generating operation that involves operations with a disturbed surface area that equals or exceeds 0.10 acre (4,356 square feet) shall maintain a Dust Control Plan before commencing any routine dust-generating operation. The Dust Control Plan shall be kept available onsite at all times.
- b. The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of the Dust Control Plan and the provisions of MCAQD Rule 310 Sections 301 – 310 at all times.

[SIP Rule 310 §§301-310, 302.3, 409]

31. Visible Emission Requirements for Dust-Generating Operations:

- a. The Permittee shall not cause or allow visible fugitive dust emissions from a dust-generating operation to exceed 20% opacity.
- b. The Permittee shall not cause or allow visible emissions of particulate matter, including fugitive dust, beyond the property line within which the emissions from a dust-generating operation are generated. Visible emissions shall be determined by a standard of no visible emissions exceeding 30 seconds in duration in any six-minute period as determined by using EPA Reference Method 22. This requirement does not apply to dust-generating operations conducted within 25 feet of the property line.

[SIP Rule 310 §303.1]

32. Exemptions from Dust-Generating Operation Opacity Limitation Requirement:

- a. If wind conditions cause fugitive dust emissions to exceed the opacity requirements of Permit Condition 31, despite implementation of the Dust Control Plan an owner and/or operator shall:
 - i. Ensure that all control measures and requirements of the Dust Control Plan are implemented and the subject violations cannot be prevented by better application, operation, or maintenance of these measures and requirements.
 - ii. Cease dust-generating operations and stabilize any disturbed surface area consistent with the Stabilization Requirements of Permit Condition 33.
 - iii. Compile records consistent with the recordkeeping requirements of Permit Condition 39.n and document the control measure and other Dust Control Plan requirements implemented.
- b. Emergency Maintenance of Flood Control Channels and Water Retention Basins: The opacity limit shall not apply to emergency maintenance of flood control channels and water retention basins, provided that

control measures are implemented.

[SIP Rule 310 §303.2]

33. Stabilization Requirements for Dust-Generating Operations:

- a. Unpaved Parking Lot: The owner and/or operator of any unpaved parking lot shall not allow visible fugitive dust emissions to exceed 20% opacity and shall not allow silt loading equal to or greater than 0.33 oz/ft^2 . However, if silt loading is equal to or greater than 0.33 oz/ft^2 , then the owner and/or operator shall not allow the silt content to exceed 8%. An unpaved parking lot is an area that is not paved and that is designated for parking in the Dust Control Plan or that is used for parking, maneuvering, material handling, or storing motor vehicles and equipment. An unpaved parking lot includes, but is not limited to, salvage yards, material handling yards, and storage yards.

[SIP Rule 310 §§232, 304.1]

- b. Unpaved Haul/Access Road:

An unpaved haul/access road is any on-site road or equipment path that is not paved and is used by commercial, industrial, institutional, and/or governmental traffic.

- i. The owner and/or operator of any unpaved haul/access road (whether at a work site that is under construction or at a work site that is temporarily or permanently inactive) shall not allow visible fugitive dust emissions to exceed 20% opacity and shall not allow silt loading equal to or greater than 0.33 oz/ft^2 . However, if silt loading is equal to or greater than 0.33 oz/ft^2 , then the owner and/or operator shall not allow the silt content to exceed 6%.

[SIP Rule 310 §§231, 304.2(a)]

- ii. The owner and/or operator of any unpaved haul/access road (including at a work site that is under construction or a work site that is temporarily or permanently inactive) shall, as an alternative to meeting the stabilization requirements for an unpaved haul/access road in Subsection [33.b.i] of this Condition, limit vehicle trips to no more than 20 per day per road and limit vehicle speeds to no more than 15 miles per hour. If complying with this subsection ii. of this Permit Condition, the owner and/or operator must include, in a Dust Control Plan, the maximum number of vehicle trips on the unpaved haul/access roads each day (including number of employee vehicles, earthmoving equipment, haul trucks, and water trucks) and a description of how vehicle speeds will be restricted to no more than 15 miles per hour.

[SIP Rule 310 §304.2]

- c. Disturbed Surface Area: The owner and/or operator of any disturbed surface area on which no activity is occurring (including at a work site that is under construction or a work site that is temporarily or permanently inactive) shall meet at least one of the standards in Permit Condition 33.c.i through 33.c.vii described below, as applicable. Should such a disturbed surface area contain more than one type of stabilization characteristic, such as soil, vegetation, or other characteristic, which is visibly distinguishable, then the owner and/or operator shall test each representative surface separately for stability, in an area that represents a random portion of the overall disturbed conditions of the site, in accordance with the appropriate test methods described in Section 501.2(c) of Rule 310 and in Appendix C (Fugitive Dust Test Methods) of MCAQD rules. The owner and/or operator of such disturbed surface area on which no activity is occurring shall be considered in violation of Rule 310 if the area is not maintained in a manner that meets at least one of the standards listed below, as applicable. An area is considered to be a disturbed surface area until the activity that caused the disturbance has been completed and the disturbed surface area meets the standards described in this subsection.

- i. Maintain a soil crust;
- ii. Maintain a threshold friction velocity (TFV) for disturbed surface areas corrected for non-erodible elements of 100 cm/second or higher;
- iii. Maintain a flat vegetative cover (i.e., attached (rooted) vegetation or unattached vegetative debris lying on the surface with a predominant horizontal orientation that is not subject to movement by

wind) that is equal to at least 50%;

- iv. Maintain a standing vegetative cover (i.e., vegetation that is attached (rooted) with a predominant vertical orientation) that is equal to or greater than 30%;
- v. Maintain a standing vegetative cover (i.e., vegetation that is attached (rooted) with a predominant vertical orientation) that is equal to or greater than 10% and where the threshold friction velocity is equal to or greater than 43 cm/second when corrected for non-erodible elements;
- vi. Maintain a percent cover that is equal to or greater than 10% for non-erodible elements; or
- vii. Comply with a standard of an alternative test method, upon obtaining the written approval from the Control Officer and the Administrator.

[SIP Rule 310 §304.3]

34. Soil Moisture:

If water is the chosen control measure in an approved Dust Control Plan, the owner and/or operator of a dust-generating operation shall operate a water application system on-site (e.g., water truck, water hose) while conducting any earthmoving operations on disturbed surface areas 1 acre or larger, unless a soil crust is maintained or the soil is sufficiently damp to prevent loose grains of soil from becoming dislodged.

[SIP Rule 310 §307]

35. Dust Control Training Classes for Dust-Generating Operations:

- a. At least once every three years, the following people shall successfully complete a Basic Dust Control Training Class conducted or approved by the Control Officer.
 - i. Water truck drivers.
 - ii. Water-pull drivers.
 - iii. The site superintendent or other designated on-site representative of the permit holder.
- b. Any certification issued to a person having successfully completed a Basic Dust Control Training Class conducted or approved by the Control Officer may be suspended or revoked for cause, including, but not limited to, inappropriate ethical activities or conduct associated with the dust control program.

[SIP Rule 310 §309.1(a), (b), and (e)]

36. Dust Control Plan Revisions:

- a. If the Control Officer determines that an approved Dust Control Plan has been followed, yet fugitive dust emissions from any dust-generating operation still exceed the standards of this Permit, the Control Officer shall issue a written notice to the owner and/or operator of the dust-generating operation explaining such determination. The owner and/or operator of a dust-generating operation shall make written revisions to the Dust Control Plan and shall submit such revised Dust Control Plan to the Control Officer within three working days of receipt of the Control Officer's written notice, unless such time period is extended by the Control Officer, upon request, for good cause. During the time that such owner and/or operator is preparing revisions to the approved Dust Control Plan, such owner and/or operator must still comply with all requirements of Permit Conditions 28 through 37 of this Permit.

[SIP Rule 310 §403.1]

- b. The Permittee shall request a Dust Control Plan revision with a submittal in the manner and form prescribed by the Control Officer if:
 - i. The acreage of a project changes;
 - ii. The permit holder changes;
 - iii. The name(s), address(es), or phone numbers of person(s) responsible for the submittal and implementation of the Dust Control Plan and responsible for the dust-generating operation change; and

- iv. If the activities related to the purposes for which the Dust Control permit was obtained change.
[SIP Rule 310 §403.2]

37. Records Retention:

The Permittee shall retain copies of approved Dust Control Plans, control measures implementation records, and all supporting documentation for at least five years from the date such records were initiated.
[SIP Rule 310 §503]

SITE-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

38. Opacity:

Unless specified elsewhere in this Permit, the Permittee shall not discharge into the ambient air from any single source of emissions any air contaminant other than uncombined water, in excess of 20 percent opacity for a period aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period, except as described in SIP Rule 300 § 302. Opacity shall be determined by observations of visible emissions conducted in accordance with EPA Reference Method 9 as modified by EPA Reference Method 203B.

[SIP Rule 300 §§ 301, 302, and 501]

39. Recordkeeping:

The Permittee shall maintain the following records for a period of at least five years from the date of the records and make them available to the Control Officer upon request:

- a. Maintain a current list of materials used in the manufacture of semiconductors: coatings, adhesives, maskants, solvents, cleaning solutions, and any other VOC-containing materials. State the material VOC content of each in pounds per gallon, grams per liter, or as a weight percent (percent by mass) of the material.

[SIP Rule 338 §502.1]

- b. Usage records:

- i. Maintain monthly records showing the type and amount of all VOC-containing material used in semiconductor operations, except as modified by subsections b and c below. This includes, but is not limited to, strippers, maskants, solvent materials and cleanup materials.
- ii. Grouping by VOC Content: For purposes of recording usage, those maskants, strippers, coatings, solvents or other VOC-containing materials that are of similar type and similar VOC content may be given a group name and recorded under that name. To the group name shall be assigned the highest VOC content among the members of that group, rounded to the nearest 10th of a pound per gallon, the nearest 1 g/L, or the nearest 1 percent. For each grouping, the name of each material in the group and its material VOC content must appear, along with the name of the grouping and its material VOC content.
- iii. Update annually the usage of materials having a VOC content of 10.0% or less. The results of an applicable test method, referred to in Rule 338 Section 504, or data supplied by the material's manufacturer suffices to demonstrate VOC content of material for this purpose. If there is a discrepancy between the manufacturer's formulation data and the results of an applicable test method, compliance shall be based on the results from the test method analysis.
- iv. The Permittee shall keep monthly usage records of VOC containing and HAP containing materials used on site and usage records for all materials which generate HAP emissions as byproducts.

[SIP Rule 338 §502.1][County Rule 210 § 302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- c. Records of disposal/recovery or recycling of VOCs shall be kept in accordance with applicable federal, state and local environmental protection requirements. If such records are used to demonstrate compliance against the emission limits contained within Permit Condition 1, then the Permittee shall keep records for 5 years from the date the applicable record was generated.

[County Rule 338 §502.3][County Rule 210 § 302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- d. Emission Control System (ECS) Recordkeeping:
- i. Make a continuous record of the times an ECS is used to comply with Rule 338; Permit Conditions 3 and 6.
 - ii. Maintain records of the O&M Plan's key system operating parameters with the frequency required by the Plan.
 - iii. Maintain records of all maintenance performed according to the most recently submitted O&M Plan.
 - iv. An explanation shall be entered for scheduled maintenance that is not performed during the period designated in the most recently submitted O&M Plan.
[County Rule 338 §502.4][Locally Enforceable Only]
- e. If the Permittee engages in surface coating operations subject to County Rule 336, the Permittee shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements of County Rule 336 Section 501.
[County Rule 336 §501][Locally Enforceable Only]
- f. To verify compliance with engines subject to County Rule 324 and Permit Condition 8 through 16 of this permit, an initial one time entry listing the particular engine combustion type (compression or spark-ignition or rich or lean burn); manufacturer; model designation, rated brake horsepower, serial number and where the engine is located on the site.
[County Rule 324 §502.1][SIP Rule 324 §502.1]
- g. Monthly records of engine operation shall be kept to verify compliance with Permit Conditions 1 and 8. The records shall include the purpose of operation and the duration of time the engine was operated. The record shall identify whenever the operation of the engine was for emergency purposes.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][40 CFR§ 60.4211(e)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]
- h. A copy of engine manufacturer data indicating compliance with the standards in Permit Condition 10 for each compression ignition engine, and shall make the documentation available to MCAQD upon request.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][40 CFR§ 60.4211(b)(3)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]
- i. For generators manufactured on or before June 12, 2007, the Permittee shall maintain an onsite copy of the manufacturer's written instructions, or procedures developed by the Permittee in accordance with these Permit Conditions and make it available to MCAQD upon request to indicate compliance with Permit Condition 16.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][40 CFR §§63.6655(e)(2), 63.6660][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]
- j. The Permittee shall maintain records of any monitoring and maintenance requirements and key operating parameters as specified in the O&M and/or Adequate Maintenance and Calibration (AMC) Plans as outlined in Permit Condition 7.g for POU's or Exhaust Conditioner units.
- k. The Permittee shall determine monthly usage of natural gas based on purchase records or meter readings. The Permittee shall determine monthly diesel use based on engine hours of operations and manufacturers' stated fuel consumption rates.
- l. The Permittee shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with Permit Condition 6.d, specifically that the VOC abatement unit's exhaust distribution systems are continuously monitored to ensure adequate negative pressure is maintained within system set points.
- m. The Permittee shall keep a log of any and all odor complaints received and any action taken as a result. If no annual odor complaints were received, the log should indicate as such.
- n. The Permittee shall keep maintenance records, for all storage silo fabric filter baghouses or equivalent devices according to the manufacturer's specifications or procedures developed by the Permittee that are approved by the manufacturer. Maintenance records shall, at a minimum, contain the following information: equipment identification; date; identification of the individual performing the maintenance check; procedures to be performed including frequency of occurrence; results of inspection (acceptable,

nozzle plugged, belt cracked, etc.); and corrective action taken (none, cleaned nozzle, replaced belt, etc.).
[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- o. The Permittee shall keep a written record of self-inspection on each day dust-generating operations that require a Dust Control Plan are conducted. Self-inspection records shall include daily inspections for crusted or damp soil, trackout conditions and clean-up measures, daily water usage, and dust suppressant application. Such written record shall also include the following information:
- i. Method, frequency, and intensity of application or implementation of the control measures;
 - ii. Method, frequency, and amount of water application to the site;
 - iii. Street sweeping frequency;
 - iv. Types of surface treatments applied to and maintenance of trackout control devices, gravel pads, fences, wind barriers, and tarps;
 - v. Types and results of test methods conducted;
 - vi. If contingency control measures are implemented, actual application or implementation of contingency control measures and why contingency control measures were implemented;
 - vii. List of subcontractors' names and registration numbers updated when changes are made; and
 - viii. Names of employee(s) who successfully completed dust control training class(es), date of the class(es) that such employee(s) successfully completed, and name of the agency/representative who conducted such class(es).
- [SIP Rule 310 §502.1]
- p. Retention of records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this Permit.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(d)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.b]

40. Reporting:

The Permittee shall submit the following reports and notifications to MCAQD. For each report, the Permittee shall include a statement certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the information in the report signed by the responsible official.

[County Rule 210 §§ 301.7, 305.1(c), (d), and (e)][A.A.C. R18-2-304.H, -306.A.5, and -309.2 and 3]

- a. The Permittee shall submit an emission report to MCAQD (Attention: Compliance Manager) every quarter to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits of Permit Condition 1. The report shall contain actual emission estimates throughout the corresponding reporting period.

The quarterly reporting periods are:

- i. Quarter 1: January 1 through March 31
- ii. Quarter 2: April 1 through June 30
- iii. Quarter 3: July 1 through September 30
- iv. Quarter 4: October 1 through December 31

The reports shall be due 45 days following the end of each quarterly reporting period. The Quarter 1 report shall include emission factors used for all HAP and VOC emissions, or as requested by the Department.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(e)(1)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.a]

- b. Semi-annual reports of any required monitoring shall be submitted to the Control Officer (Attention: Compliance Manager) within 30 days following June 30 and December 31 each calendar year. Each

report shall cover all instances of deviations from these permit conditions during the reporting period, the cause of the deviations if any were present, and any applicable corrective actions taken. The report shall contain the following information, at a minimum:

i. Emissions Calculations:

The Permittee shall include the results of all the required rolling 12-month emissions calculations for each month in the six-month reporting period. The quarterly reports required by Permit Condition 40.a can be used to satisfy the requirements of this report.

ii. Deviation Reporting:

The Permittee shall identify all instances of deviations from permit requirements in the semi-annual monitoring report. The Permittee shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.

iii. A signed statement by a responsible official certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the information provided in the report.

[County Rule 210 §§ 302.1(e)(1) and 305.1(c)(1)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.a]

- c. The Permittee shall submit a compliance certification at least annually with the Control Officer and also with the Administrator of the USEPA. This annual requirement is met through both semiannual reports required by Permit Condition 40.b with a full year completed upon submittal of the report associated with the June 30 and December 31 reporting period (within 30 days following the December 31 review period). The Report shall certify compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices. The first report from permit issuance will be due on the first applicable due date regardless if six-months has passed.

i. The annual compliance certification shall contain the following information:

- 1) The identification of the Permittee and the permit number.
- 2) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
- 3) The compliance status;
- 4) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
- 5) The method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period;
- 6) A signed statement by a responsible official certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the information provided in the report.

[County Rule 210 §§302.1(e)(1), 305.1(c)(1), and 305.1(d)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and -309.2 and 3]

- d. Notification of commencement of construction and startup of equipment subject to 40 CFR Part 60 New Source Performance Standards shall be submitted to the Control Officer as required by 40 CFR §60.7.

[40 CFR § 60.7(a)]

e. Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Verification:

If the Control Officer requests documentation of the sulfur content of fuel burned in the engine(s) to demonstrate compliance with the 0.0015% limit, the Permittee shall submit fuel receipts, contract specifications, pipeline meter tickets, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), fuel supplier information or purchase records, if applicable, from the fuel supplier, indicating the sulfur content of the fuel oil. In lieu of these, testing of the fuel oil for sulfur content to meet the applicable sulfur limit shall be permitted if so desired by the owner or operator for evidence of compliance.

[County Rule 324 §501.3][Locally Enforceable Only]

41. Performance Testing:

- a. Testing Requirements: The Permittee shall conduct performance tests on the emissions control devices as specified in the Permit Conditions below, according to the following testing intervals:

Performance testing shall be conducted within 58-62 months of the previous test.

Annual testing shall be conducted within 10-14 months of the previous test.

Quarterly testing shall be conducted by the end of each calendar quarter (i.e. March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31).

Annual or quarterly testing conducted to comply with Permit Condition 2 shall satisfy the requirements of performance testing conducted on a 5 year basis, if applicable.

Unless previously tested, the Permittee shall conduct performance tests within 60 days after the issuance date of this permit or within 60 days after the new applicable equipment has achieved the capability to operate at its maximum production rate on a sustained basis, whichever occurs last. The testing deadline may be extended by the Control Officer for good cause, but in no case shall the testing deadline, including test report submittal, extend beyond 180 days after the permit issuance date or 180 days after the new applicable equipment has achieved the capability to operate at its maximum capacity, whichever occurs last.

[County Rule 270 §401][SIP Rule 27 §A][County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-312.A][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- i. Scrubbers:

The scrubbers in Fab 12, 32S, 32, and 42 shall be tested as specified in Table 6 and the Permit Conditions below.

Table 6: Testing Requirements for Wet Acid Scrubbers

Test Type ¹	Inlet Testing	Outlet Testing	Test Methods ²	Test Results	Clarifications
Startup Testing & Performance Testing	HCl	HCl	EPA Test Methods 26, 26A, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Pass Criteria 1: 90% removal efficiency by weight for HCl; or Pass Criteria 2: Outlet concentration for HCl < 1 ppmv	HCl inlet testing is not required when using < 1 ppmv outlet concentration limit, per Permit Condition 6.b.
Annual Testing	None	VOC	EPA Test Methods 25, 25A, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Test results shall be quantified and used to calculate the 12-month rolling total emissions for Fab 12, Fab 32S/32, and/or Fab 42. VOCs detected will be quantified and added to the 12-month rolling total VOC emissions unless Intel can demonstrate to MCAQD that the VOCs emitted through the scrubber exhaust are already accounted for by mass balance as uncontrolled emissions.	Methane and ethane can be subtracted from total VOC using ASTM D6348-12, EPA Test Method 320, or an alternative EPA-approved test method approved by the Control Officer. Testing shall demonstrate compliance with all applicable emission limits of Permit Condition 1. Annual testing could serve as a basis for determining emission rates of other pollutants.
	None	HCl	EPA Test Methods 26, 26A, 320, ASTM D6348-12		
	None	HF	EPA Test Methods 26, 26A, 320, ASTM D6348-12		
	None	PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	EPA Test Methods 5		
	None	CO	EPA Test Methods 10, 320, ASTM D6348-12		
None	NO _x	EPA Test Methods 7E, 320, ASTM D6348-12			

¹Testing intervals are given in Permit Condition 41.a

²These test methods or other EPA-approved test methods as approved by the Control Officer.

- 1) The Permittee shall record the scrubber media differential pressure, scrubber recirculation flow rate and scrubber liquid pH level during the performance test. These and any additional operational parameters shall be identified in the test protocol and recorded during testing
- 2) In the event that the emissions testing required by this Condition for the wet scrubber systems

does not demonstrate the required removal efficiency, as an alternative, the Permittee shall demonstrate compliance in accordance with the MCAQD guidance document "Optional Compliance Demonstrations Procedure, A Guideline for Semiconductor Industry, Part I, Acid/Base Emissions & Wet Scrubber Performance Test" dated May 4, 2001.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

ii. RCTO VOC Abatement Units:

The RCTO VOC abatement units in Fab 12, 32S, 32, and 42 shall be tested as specified in Table 7 and the Permit Conditions below.

Table 7: Testing Requirements for RCTO VOC Abatement Units

Test Type ¹	Inlet Testing	Outlet Testing	Test Methods ²	Test Results	Clarifications
Startup Testing & Performance Testing	VOC (Optional)	VOC	EPA Test Methods 25, 25A, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Pass criteria specified in Permit Condition 6.a.i.	VOC inlet testing is not required when meeting the VOC outlet concentration limit of < 10 ppmv measured as methane, per Permit Condition 6.a.i.4). VOC exhaust testing is required at outlets of both the concentrator and oxidizer stacks, if applicable.
	None	CO	EPA Test Methods 10, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Pass criteria specified in Permit Condition 19.b.	CO and NO _x testing is only required at the outlet of the oxidizer stacks.
	None	NO _x	EPA Test Methods 7E, 320, ASTM D6348-12		
Quarterly Testing	None	VOC	EPA Test Methods 25, 25A, 320, ASTM D6348-12		Quarterly testing not required if variability is less than what is specified in Permit Condition 41.a.ii.4).
Annual Testing	None	VOC	EPA Test Methods 25, 25A, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Test results shall be quantified and used to calculate the 12-month rolling total emissions for Fab 12, Fab 32S/32 and Fab 42.	Testing shall demonstrate compliance with all applicable emission limits of Permit Condition 1. If variability is higher than what is specified in Permit Condition 41.a.ii.4), quarterly testing shall resumed.
	None	PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	EPA Test Methods 5		
	None	CO	EPA Test Methods 10, 320, ASTM D6348-12		
	None	NO _x	EPA Test Methods 7E, 320, ASTM D6348-12		

¹Testing intervals are given in Permit Condition 41.a
²These test methods or other EPA-approved test methods as approved by the Control Officer.

- 1) The Permittee shall record the combustion chamber temperature and combustion chamber set-point temperature during the performance test. These and any additional operational parameters shall be identified in the test protocol and recorded during testing. Following the performance test, the RCTO shall be operated at or above the combustion chamber set-point temperature range used to demonstrate compliance.
- 2) The Permittee may perform additional monitoring via FTIR or a methane/non-methane hydrocarbon analyzer to quantify the methane and ethane portion of the total hydrocarbons and subtract this portion.
- 3) Total hydrocarbon results shall be reported as propane. If requested by MCAQD, the Permittee shall estimate the average molecular weight of compounds in the VOC inlet stream to each Fab Oxidizer in each testing protocol submitted. If requested by MCAQD, the Permittee shall validate this average molecular weight using either EPA Method 18 or FTIR to determine as many hydrocarbon compounds present in the inlet and outlet stream(s) of the VOC abatement unit as possible.

- 4) The Permittee shall conduct exhaust stack performance testing using EPA method 25A or equivalent total hydrocarbon method on the exhaust stacks (both concentrator and oxidizer stacks if applicable) of active VOC abatement units receiving process exhaust stacks at Fab 12, 32S, 32, and 42 VOC abatement units as follows:

Quarterly, unless quarterly testing has shown less than or equal variability than what is presented in Table 8 below. Then;

The Permittee may reduce the frequency of testing to annually.

If the results of two subsequent performance tests exhibit variability greater than the values presented below, then the Permittee shall resume quarterly performance testing until the results of two subsequent tests show less than or equal variability in Table 8 below.

During any testing period, the Permittee shall analyze each performance test for variability. The variability analysis shall be performed on the permitted VOC abatement units in operation using site-wide normalized emissions after, either 4 quarterly tests or 2 annual tests, whichever the Permittee is currently complying. The Permittee shall analyze stack test data results (after being normalized using the PI) to ensure variability is less than or equal to the presented values. Variability shall take into account the 12-month rolling total VOC emissions of Fab 12/32S/32, and Fab 42; however, only actual VOC stack test results shall be used in the variability calculation (Variability (%)). The Permittee shall extrapolate stack test data from any two subsequent testing periods to use in the variability analysis.

Table 8: Variability

12-month Rolling Total VOC Emissions ¹	Variability
Fab 12 and Fab 32S/32	
Less than 70 tons/year	42%
Between 70 to 80 tons/year	25%
Between 80 to 90 tons/year	10%
Fab 42	
Less than 70 tons/year	42%
Between 70 to 80 tons/year	25%
Between 80 to 90 tons/year	10%

¹ The respective 12-month rolling total VOC emissions for Fab 12, Fab 32S/32 and Fab 42 shall include all sources of VOC emissions as required in Permit Condition 40.a and included in the quarterly emission reports.

Variability shall be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Variability (\%)} = \frac{\frac{\frac{\text{lbs}}{\text{hr}} \text{ emissions new}}{\left(\text{wafer } \frac{\text{outs}}{\text{hr}} \text{ during testing}\right)_{\text{new}}} - \frac{\frac{\text{lbs}}{\text{hr}} \text{ emissions old}}{\left(\text{wafer } \frac{\text{outs}}{\text{hr}} \text{ during testing}\right)_{\text{old}}}}{\frac{\frac{\text{lbs}}{\text{hr}} \text{ emissions old}}{\left(\text{wafer } \frac{\text{outs}}{\text{hr}} \text{ during testing}\right)_{\text{old}}}} \times 100\%$$

Wafer outs per hour may be calculated by taking the total monthly wafer outs and dividing the total number of operating hours in the month performance testing was conducted.

If the total contribution of VOC outlet emissions from test data is lower than 25 tons per year from all VOC abatement units at either Fab 12, Fab 32S/32, or Fab 42, the Permittee may use a variability of 42% for the respective Fab(s), regardless of the 12-month rolling total VOC emissions for the corresponding Fab(s).

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

iii. BSSW Thermal Oxidizer:

The BSSW thermal oxidizer unit in Fab 32S shall be tested as specified in Table 9.

Table 9: Testing Requirements for BSSW Thermal Oxidizer

Test Type ¹	Inlet Testing	Outlet Testing	Test Methods ²	Test Results	Clarifications
Startup Testing & Performance Testing	VOC (optional)	VOC	EPA Test Methods 25, 25A, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Pass criteria specified in Permit Condition 6.a.i.	VOC inlet testing is not required when meeting the VOC outlet concentration limit of < 10 ppmv measured as methane, per Permit Condition 6.a.i.4)
¹ Testing intervals are given in Permit Condition 41.a					
² These test methods or other EPA-approved test methods as approved by the Control Officer.					

iv. Boilers:

The boilers in Fab 12, 32S, 32, and 42 shall be tested as specified in Table 10 and the Permit Conditions below.

Table 10: Boiler Testing Requirements

Test Type ¹	Inlet Testing	Outlet Testing	Test Methods ²	Test Results	Clarifications
Startup Testing & Performance Testing	None	CO	EPA Test Methods 10, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Testing shall serve as a basis for determining emission rates and pass criteria specified in Permit Condition 19.a	Testing shall measure the concentrations of NO _x and CO in the boiler exhaust stream. NO _x and CO test results shall be corrected to 3% O ₂ .
	None	NO _x	EPA Test Methods 7E, 320, ASTM D6348-12		
¹ Testing intervals are given in Permit Condition 41.a					
² These test methods or other EPA-approved test methods as approved by the Control Officer.					

- 1) The Permittee shall test any new boiler brought online for the first time within 60 days after it has achieved the capability to operate at its maximum production rate on a sustained basis.
- 2) The Permittee shall test a representative sample of each group of boilers identified below at least once every 5 years (within 58 to 62 months of the previous test). The selection of the boiler to be tested shall be different than a previously tested boiler. Once all boilers have been tested, the Permittee can start testing previously selected boilers but shall select the boiler that has not been tested in the longest amount of time to ensure adequate representation. The selection of the boiler to be tested from each group may initially be requested by the Permittee and included in the test protocol for review. However, MCAQD reserves the right to modify any boiler selection as warranted.

Table 11: Boiler Groups

Boiler Grouping:	Representative Sample
Fab 12 Boilers – Group 1	One Johnston 51.7 MMBtu/hr
Fab 12 Boilers – Group 2	Three Superior 52.5 MMBtu/hr
Fab 32S Boilers – Group 3	Four Johnston 31.5 MMBtu/hr
Fab 32S Boilers – Group 4	One Johnston 42 MMBtu/hr
Fab 32 Boilers – Group 5	One Johnston 10.5 MMBtu/hr
Fab 42 Boilers – Group 6	Three Cleaver Brooks 29.39 MMBtu/hr
Fab 42 Boilers – Group 7	One Cleaver Brooks 14.3 MMBtu/hr

- 3) The Permittee shall record the steam temperature, steam pressure and percent fire during the

performance test for steam boilers. These and any additional operational parameters shall be identified in the test protocol and recorded during testing.

- 4) The following equipment shall be tested as described in Permit Condition 41.a as “new equipment” once they are retrofitted with low NO_x burners in order to use the updated emission factors:
 - a) Fab 12 Boilers 2, 3 and 4
 - b) Fab 32S Boilers 1, 2, 3 and 4

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c.]

v. TRMX Treatment Systems:

The TRMX treatment systems in Fab 32S/32 and Fab 42 shall be tested as specified in Table 12 and the Permit Conditions below.

Table 12: Testing Requirements for TRMX Treatment Systems

Test Type ¹	Inlet Testing	Outlet Testing	Test Methods ²	Test Results	Clarifications
Startup Testing & Performance Testing	None	CO	EPA Test Methods 10, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Testing shall serve as a basis for determining emission rate.	
	None	NO _x	EPA Test Methods 7E, 320, ASTM D6348-12	Testing shall serve as a basis for determining emission rate and pass criteria specified in Permit Condition 19.b.	

¹Testing intervals are given in Permit Condition 41.a

²These test methods or other EPA-approved test methods as approved by the Control Officer.

- 1) The Permittee shall test any new TRMX System brought online for the first time within 60 days after it has achieved the capability to operate at its maximum production rate on a sustained basis.
- 2) The Permittee shall test a representative sample of each group of TRMX Treatment Systems identified below at least once every 5 years (within 58 to 62 months of the previous test). The selection of the system to be tested shall be different than a previously tested TRMX Treatment System. Once all TRMX Treatment Systems have been tested, the Permittee may start retesting TRMX Treatment Systems as needed. The selection of the TRMX Treatment Systems to be tested, out of the systems currently on site, may initially be requested by the Permittee and included in the test protocol for review. However, MCAQD reserves the right to modify any TRMX Treatment System selection as warranted.

Table 13: TRMX Groups

TRMX Grouping	Representative Sample
Group 1	Fab 32S/32 – Trimix 1
	Fab 32S/32 – Trimix 2
Group 2	Fab 42 – Trimix 1

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c.]

vi. Generators:

- 1) If the Permittee chooses not to use either manufacturer’s EF data or AP-42 EFs, then the Permittee shall test each generator.
- 2) The Permittee shall test each unit for mass emission rates for NO_x, carbon monoxide and PM₁₀ (if applicable) within 60 days after the issuance date of this permit or within 60 days after the new applicable equipment has achieved the capacity to operate at its maximum production rate on a sustained basis, whichever occurs last. MCAQD may accept one or more tests as being representative for other substantially similar generators. This requirement to test the

emergency generators may be waived if the Permittee chooses to use Manufacturer's EF data or AP-42 EFs as described in Permit Condition 41.a.vi.1) above.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- b. Testing Criteria: Performance tests shall be conducted and data reduced in accordance with the test methods and procedures specified unless the Control Officer and Administrator specifies or approves minor changes in methodology to a reference method, approves the use of an equivalent test method, approves the use of an alternative method that has been determined to be acceptable for demonstrating compliance, or waives the requirement for performance tests because the Permittee has demonstrated by other means that the source is in compliance with the standard. For NSPS affected facilities, only EPA has the authority to waive initial testing requirements.

[County Rule 270 §402][SIP Rule 27 §B][40 CFR §60.8(a)][A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

- c. Test Methods: Sampling sites and velocity traverse points shall be selected in accordance with EPA Test Method 1 or 1A. The gas volumetric flow rate shall be measured in accordance with EPA Test Method 2, 2A, 2C, 2D, 2F, 2G or 19. The dry molecular weight shall be determined in accordance with EPA Test Method 3, 3A or 3B. The stack gas moisture shall be determined in accordance with EPA Test Method 4. These methods must be performed, as applicable, during each test run unless an alternate method is approved by the Control Officer. For NSPS affected facilities, only EPA has the authority to approved alternative test methods that are not allowed under the NSPS regulation.

[County Rule 270 §301.1][SIP Rule 27 §B][40 CFR §60.8(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

- d. Operating Conditions: Performance tests shall be conducted under representative operating conditions and all control equipment shall be operated during testing in accordance with the most recently submitted O&M Plan or according to its operations manual if no O&M Plan is required. Permittee shall make available to the Control Officer any records necessary to determine appropriate conditions for performance tests. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and equipment malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for performance tests unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard or permit conditions.

[County Rule 270 §403][A.A.C. R18-2-312.C]

- e. Monitoring Requirements: The Permittee shall record all control equipment information that is necessary to document operating conditions during the test and explain why the conditions represent normal operation. Control equipment operational parameters shall be monitored and recorded at least once every 30 minutes during each of the required test runs and documented in the test report. The operational parameters monitored shall be capable of indicating that the control equipment is operating within the permitted limits, both during and after the performance tests.

- f. Test Protocol Submittal: The Permittee shall submit a separate test protocol for each performance test to MCAQD for review and approval at least 30 days prior to each performance test. The test protocol shall be prepared in accordance with MCAQD's most recent version of "Air Quality Performance Test Guidelines for Compliance Determination in Maricopa County". A completed copy of MCAQD's "Test Protocol Submittal Form" shall accompany each test protocol.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(c)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- g. Notice of Testing: The Permittee shall notify MCAQD in writing at least two weeks in advance of the actual date and time of each performance test so that MCAQD may have a representative attend.

[Rule 270 §404][A.A.C. R18-2-312.D]

- h. Testing Facilities Required: The Permittee shall install any and all sample ports or platforms necessary to conduct the performance tests, provide safe access to any platforms and provide the necessary utilities for testing equipment.

[County Rule 270 §405][SIP Rule 42][40 CFR §60.8(d)][A.A.C. R18-2-312.E]

- i. Minimum Testing Requirements: Each performance test shall consist of three separate test runs with each test run being at least one hour in duration unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard or in this permit. The same test methods shall be conducted for both the inlet and outlet measurements, if

applicable, which must be conducted simultaneously. Emissions rates, concentrations, grain loadings, and/or efficiencies shall be determined as the arithmetic average of the values determined for each individual test run. Performance tests may only be stopped for good cause, which includes forced shutdown, failure of an irreplaceable portion of the sample train, extreme meteorological conditions, or other circumstances beyond the Permittee's control. Termination of a performance test without good cause after the first test run has commenced shall constitute a failure of the performance test.

[Rule 270 §406][40 CFR §60.8(f)][A.A.C. R18-2-312.F]

- j. The performance testing shall include a test method performance audit (PA) during the performance test consistent with the requirements outlined in 40 CFR §60.8(g). The PAs consist of blind audit samples supplied by an accredited audit sample provider and analyzed during the performance test in order to provide a measure of test data bias. An accredited audit sample provider (AASP) is an organization that has been accredited to prepare audit samples by an independent, third party accrediting body.

The source owner, operator, or representative of the tested facility shall obtain an audit sample, if commercially available, from an AASP for each test method used for regulatory compliance purposes. No audit samples are required for the following test methods: Methods 3A and 3C of appendix A-3 of part 60, Methods 6C, 7E, 9, and 10 of appendix A-4 of part 60, Methods 18 and 19 of appendix A-6 of part 60, Methods 20, 22, and 25A of appendix A-7 of part 60, Methods 30A and 30B of appendix A-8 of part 60, and Methods 303, 318, 320, and 321 of appendix A of part 63 of this chapter.

[40 CFR §60.8(g)]

- k. Test Report Submittal: The Permittee shall complete and submit a separate test report for each performance test to MCAQD within 45 days after the completion of testing. The test report shall be prepared in accordance with MCAQD's most recent version of "Air Quality Performance Test Guidelines for Compliance Determination in Maricopa County". A completed copy of MCAQD's "Test Report Submittal Form" shall accompany each test report.

[County Rule 270 §301.1][SIP Rule 27 §B][A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

- l. Compliance with Emission Limits: Compliance with allowable emission limits and standards shall be determined by the performance tests specified in this permit. If test results do not demonstrate compliance with the requirements of these permit conditions, the Permittee shall make the necessary repairs and/or adjustments to the equipment and demonstrate compliance through retesting. This will not nullify the fact that test results did not demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the permit conditions or nullify any violations that may result from this noncompliance. In addition to compliance demonstrations, test results used for compliance with Permit Condition 2 shall be used for annual emissions inventory purposes if the Permittee is required to complete an emissions inventory survey.

[Rule 270 §407][A.A.C. R18-2-312.G]

- m. Correspondence: All test extension requests, test protocols, test date notifications, and test reports required by this permit shall be submitted to MCAQD and addressed to the attention of the Performance Test Evaluation Supervisor.

[County Rule 270 §301.1][SIP Rule 27 §B][A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

- n. Authority: The above testing requirements represent the minimum level of testing to monitor for compliance with the emission limits in this permit. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Control Officer from requiring additional performance testing as deemed necessary to ensure permit compliance and protection of the public health and welfare.

[County Rule 270 §402.5][A.A.C. R18-2-312.B.5]

42. Optional Compliance Demonstrations:

The following Optional Compliance Demonstration documents are incorporated by reference into this Title V Air Quality Permit:

- a. A Guideline for Semiconductor Industry Part I, Acid/Base Emissions and Wet Scrubber Performance

Test (May 4, 2001).

- b. A Guideline for Semiconductor Industry Part II, Procedure to Determine Requirements for Operation and Maintenance Plan Point-of-Use/Exhaust Condition Units (June 4, 2001).
- c. A Guideline for Semiconductor Industry Part III, Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Abatement Performance Test (November 12, 2001).
- d. A Guideline for Semiconductor Industry Part IV, Insignificant and Trivial Activities (March 26, 2002).
[County Rule 210 §302.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

GENERAL CONDITIONS

43. Air Pollution Prohibited:

The Permittee shall not discharge from any source whatever into the atmosphere regulated air pollutants which exceed in quantity or concentration that specified and allowed in the County or SIP Rules, the Arizona Administrative Code (AAC) or the Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS), or which cause damage to property or unreasonably interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property of a substantial part of a community, or obscure visibility, or which in any way degrade the quality of the ambient air below the standards established by the Maricopa County Board of Supervisors or the Director of the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ).

[County Rule 100 §301][SIP Rule 3]

44. Circumvention:

The Permittee shall not build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment, condition, or any contrivance, the use of which, without resulting in a reduction in the total release of regulated air pollutants to the atmosphere, conceals or dilutes an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of this Permit or any Rule or any emission limitation or standard. The Permittee shall not circumvent the requirements concerning dilution of regulated air pollutants by using more emission openings than is considered normal practice by the industry or activity in question.

[County Rule 100 §104]

45. Certification of Truth, Accuracy, and Completeness:

Any application form, report, or compliance certification submitted under County or Federal Rules or these Permit Conditions shall contain certification by a responsible official of truth, accuracy, and completeness of the application form or report as of the time of submittal. This certification and any other certification required under County or Federal Rules or these Permit Conditions shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

[County Rule 100 §401][County Rule 210 §§301.7, 305.1(e)][A.A.C. R18-2-304.H]

46. Compliance:

a. Compliance Required:

- i. The Permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit and with all applicable requirements of Arizona air quality statutes and the air quality rules. Compliance with permit terms and conditions does not relieve, modify, or otherwise affect the Permittee's duty to comply with all applicable requirements of Arizona air quality statutes and the Maricopa County Air Pollution Control Regulations. Any permit noncompliance is grounds for enforcement action; for a permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or revision; or for denial of a permit renewal application. Noncompliance with any federally enforceable requirement in this Permit constitutes a violation of the Act.

[County Rule 210 §§301.8(b)(4), 302.1(h)(1)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.a]

- ii. The Permittee shall halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with applicable requirements of Federal laws, Arizona laws, the County Rules, or other conditions of this Permit. [This Condition is federally enforceable if the condition or requirement itself is federally enforceable and only locally enforceable if the condition or requirement itself is locally enforceable]

only.]

[County Rule 210 §302.1(h)(2)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.b]

- iii. For any major source operating in a nonattainment area for any pollutant(s) for which the source is classified as a major source, the source shall comply with reasonably available control technology (RACT) as defined in Rule 100.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(h)(6)][SIP Rule 220 §302.2][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.f]

- iv. For any major source operating in a nonattainment area designated as serious for PM₁₀, for which the source is classified as a major source for PM₁₀, the source shall comply with the best available control technology (BACT), as defined in Rule 100 for PM₁₀.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(h)(7)]

b. Compliance Plan:

Based on the certified information contained in the application for this Permit, the facility is in compliance with all applicable requirements in effect as of the first date of public notice of the proposed conditions for this Permit unless a Compliance Plan is included in the Specific Conditions of this Permit. The Permittee shall continue to comply with all applicable requirements and shall meet any applicable requirements that may become effective during the term of this permit on a timely basis.

[County Rule 210 §305.1(g)][A.A.C. R18-2-309.5]

47. Confidentiality Claims:

Any records, reports or information obtained from the Permittee under the County Rules or this Permit shall be available to the public, unless the Permittee files a claim of confidentiality in accordance with ARS §49-487(c) that:

- a. Precisely identifies the information in the permit(s), records, or reports that is considered confidential, and
- b. Provides sufficient supporting information to allow the Control Officer to evaluate whether such information satisfies the requirements related to trade secrets or, if applicable, how the information, if disclosed, could cause substantial harm to the person's competitive position. The claim of confidentiality is subject to the determination by the Control Officer as to whether the claim satisfies these requirements.

A claim of confidentiality shall not excuse the Permittee from providing any and all information required or requested by the Control Officer and shall not be a defense for failure to provide such information.

If the Permittee submits information with an application under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to ARS §49-487 and Rule 200, the Permittee shall submit a copy of such information directly to the Administrator of the USEPA.

[County Rule 100 §402][County Rule 200 §411][County Rule 210 §301.5][A.A.C. R18-2-305.B]

48. Contingent Requirements:

NOTE: This Permit Condition covers activities and processes addressed by the CAA which may or may not be present at the facility.

a. Asbestos:

The Permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 61.145 through 61.147 and 61.150 of the National Emission Standard for Asbestos and Rule 370 for all demolition and renovation projects.

[40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M] [Rule 370 §301.9][A.A.C. R18-2-1101.A.12]

b. Risk Management Plan (RMP):

Should this stationary source, as defined in 40 CFR 68.3, be subject to the accidental release prevention regulations in 40 CFR Part 68, then the Permittee shall submit an RMP by the date specified in Section 68.10 and shall certify compliance with the requirements of Part 68 as part of the annual compliance certification as required by 40 CFR Part 70. However, neither the RMP nor modifications to the RMP shall be considered to be a part of this Permit.

[40 CFR Part 68]

c. **Stratospheric Ozone Protection:**

If applicable, the Permittee shall follow the requirements of 40 CFR 82.100 through 82.124 with respect to the labeling of products using ozone depleting substances.

If applicable, the Permittee shall comply with all of the following requirements with respect to recycling and emissions reductions for Class I and Class II Refrigerants and their substitutes:

- i. All Persons opening and disposing of appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
- ii. Equipment used during maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must meet the standards for recycling and recovery equipment in accordance with 40 CFR 82.158.
- iii. Equipment testing organizations must comply with 40 CFR 82.160.
- iv. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by a certified technician pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.
- v. Certification requirements of 40 CFR 82.162 and 82.164, as applicable.
- vi. Reporting and Recordkeeping requirements in 40 CFR 82.166.

If applicable, the Permittee shall follow the requirements of 40 CFR Part 82 Subpart G, including all Appendices, with respect to the safe alternatives policy on the acceptability of substitutes for ozone-depleting compounds.

[40 CFR Part 82 Subparts E, F, and G]

49. Duty To Supplement Or Correct Application:

If the Permittee fails to submit any relevant facts or has submitted incorrect information in a permit application, the Permittee shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information. In addition, the Permittee shall provide additional information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the date it filed a complete application but prior to release of a proposed permit.

[County Rule 210 §301.6][A.A.C. R18-2-304.G]

50. Emergency Episodes:

If an air pollution alert, warning, or emergency has been declared, the Permittee shall comply with any applicable requirements of Rule 600 §302.

[County Rule 600 §302][SIP Rule 600 §302][A.A.C. R18-2-220]

51. Emergency Provisions:

An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, that requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under this permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

[County Rule 130 §201][A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.1]

52. Excess Emissions:

There are reporting requirements associated with excess emissions. These requirements are contained in Permit Condition 58.f in a subparagraph called Excess Emissions Reporting. The definition of excess emissions can be found in Rule 100 §200.

[County Rule 140 §500][SIP Rule 140][A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.A]

53. Fees:

The Permittee shall pay fees to the Control Officer pursuant to ARS §49-480(D) and Rule 280.

[County Rule 200 §409][County Rule 210 §§302.1(i), 401][SIP Rule 28][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.9]

54. Modeling:

The Permittee shall perform the modeling in a manner consistent with the 40 CFR 51, Appendix W, "Guideline on Air Quality Models". For minor New Source Review, the Permittee shall perform air quality impact modeling in a manner consistent with "MCAQD Minor New Source Review Air Dispersion Modeling Guideline". Where the person can demonstrate that an air quality impact model specified in the guideline is inappropriate, the model may be modified or another model substituted if found to be acceptable to the Control Officer.

[40 CFR 51 App. W][County Rule 200 §407][SIP Rule 26]

55. Monitoring and Testing:

a. **Monitoring Required:** The Permittee shall monitor, sample, or perform other studies to quantify emissions of regulated air pollutants or levels of air pollution that may reasonably be attributable to the facility if required to do so by the Control Officer, either by Permit or by order in accordance with Rule 200 §310.

[County Rule 200 §310][SIP Rule 41]

b. **Testing Required:** Except as otherwise specified in these Permit Conditions or by the Control Officer, the Permittee shall conduct required testing used to determine compliance with standards or permit conditions established pursuant to the County or SIP Rules or these Permit Conditions in accordance with Rule 270 and the applicable testing procedures contained in the Arizona Testing Manual for Air Pollutant Emissions or other approved USEPA test methods.

[County Rule 200 §408][County Rule 210 §302.1(c)][County Rule 270 §§300, 400][SIP Rule 27]
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c, -311, -312]

c. **Testing Facilities:** The Permittee shall provide, or cause to be provided, performance testing facilities as follows:

- i. Sampling ports adequate for test methods applicable to such source.
- ii. Safe sampling platform(s).
- iii. Safe access to sampling platforms(s).
- iv. Utilities for sampling and testing equipment.

[County Rule 270 §405][SIP Rule 42][A.A.C. R18-2-312.E]

56. Permits:

a. **Basic:**

This Permit may be revised, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit revision, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any Permit Condition.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(h)(3)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.c]

b. **Permits and Permit Changes, Amendments and Revisions:**

i. The Permittee shall comply with the Administrative Requirements of Section 400 of Rule 210 for all changes, amendments and revisions at the facility for any source subject to regulation under Rule 200, shall comply with all required time frames, and shall obtain any required preapproval from the Control Officer before making changes. All applications shall be filed in the manner and form prescribed by the Control Officer. The application shall contain all the information necessary to enable the Control Officer to make the determination to grant or to deny a permit or permit revision including information listed in Rule 200 §309 and Rule 210 §301.

[County Rule 200 §§301, 309][County Rule 210 §§301, 400][A.A.C. R18-2-304, -317, -318, -319, and -320]

ii. The Permittee shall supply a complete copy of each application for a permit, a minor permit revision, or a significant permit revision directly to the Administrator of the USEPA. The Control Officer may require the application information to be submitted in a computer-readable format compatible

with the Administrator's national database management system.

[County Rule 210 §§303.1(a), 303.2][A.A.C. R18-2-307.A.1]

- iii. While processing an application, the Control Officer may require the applicant to provide additional information and may set a reasonable deadline for a response. If, while processing an application that has been determined or deemed to be complete, the Control Officer determines that additional information is necessary to evaluate or to take final action on that application, the Control Officer may request such information in writing and may set a reasonable deadline for a response.

[County Rule 210 §301.4(f)][A.A.C. R18-2-304.E.7]

- iv. No permit revision shall be required pursuant to any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(j)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.10]

c. Posting:

- i. The Permittee shall keep a complete permit clearly visible and accessible on the site where the equipment is installed.

[County Rule 200 §312][A.A.C. R18-2-315.A]

- ii. Any approved Dust Control Plan or Dust Control Permit required by Rule 310 shall be posted in a conspicuous location at the work site, within on-site equipment, or in an on-site vehicle, or shall otherwise be kept available on site at all times.

[County Rule 310 §409][SIP Rule 310 §409]

d. Prohibition on Permit Modification:

The Permittee shall not willfully deface, alter, forge, counterfeit, or falsify this permit.

[County Rule 200 §311][Locally Enforceable Only]

e. Renewal:

- i. The Permittee shall submit an application for the renewal of this Permit in a timely and complete manner. The Permittee shall file all permit applications in the manner and form prescribed by the Control Officer. For purposes of permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted at least six months, but not more than 18 months, prior to the date of permit expiration. A complete application shall contain all of the information required by the County Rules including Rule 200 §309 and Rule 210 §§301 & 302.3.

[County Rule 200 §309][County Rule 210 §§301, 302][A.A.C. R18-2-304 and -306]

- ii. If the Permittee submits a timely and complete application for a permit renewal, but the Control Officer has failed to issue or deny the renewal permit before the end of the term of the previous permit, then the permit shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the Permittee fails to submit, by the deadline specified in writing by the Control Officer, any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

[County Rule 200 §403.2][County Rule 210 §§301.4(f), 301.9][A.A.C. R18-2-304.E.7 and -304.J]

f. Revision / Reopening / Revocation:

- i. If the Permittee becomes subject to a standard promulgated by the Administrator under Section 112(d) of the CAA, the Permittee shall, within 12 months of the date on which the standard was promulgated, submit an application for a permit revision demonstrating how the source will comply with the standard.

[County Rule 210 §301.2(c)][A.A.C. R18-2-304.C.3]

- ii. This permit shall be reopened and revised to incorporate additional applicable requirements adopted by the Administrator pursuant to the CAA that become applicable to the facility if this permit has a remaining permit term of three or more years and the facility is a major source. Such a reopening

shall be completed not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which this Permit is due to expire unless the original permit or any of its terms have been extended pursuant to Rule 200 §403.2.

[County Rule 200 §402.1(a)(1)][A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.a]

Any permit revision required pursuant to this Permit Condition, 56.f.ii, shall reopen the entire permit, shall comply with provisions in Rule 200 for permit renewal, and shall reset the five year permit term.

[County Rule 200 §402.1(a)(1)][County Rule 210 §302.5][A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.a]

iii. This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

- 1) Additional requirements, including excess emissions requirements, become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the Title V permit.
- 2) The Control Officer or the Administrator determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
- 3) The Control Officer or the Administrator determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit under this Permit Condition, 56.f.iii, shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the Permit for which cause to reopen exists.

[County Rule 200 §402.1][A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.b and d, and -321.A.2]

iv. This permit shall be reopened by the Control Officer and any permit shield revised when it is determined that standards or conditions in the permit are based on incorrect information provided by the applicant.

[County Rule 210 §407.3][A.A.C. R18-2-325.C]

g. Requirements for a Permit:

i. Except as noted in Sections 403 and 405 of County Rule 210, no source may operate after the time that it is required to submit a timely and complete application, except in compliance with a permit issued under Rule 210. Permit expiration terminates the Permittee's right to operate. However, if a source submits a timely and complete application, as defined in Rule 210 §301.4, for permit issuance or renewal, the source's failure to have a permit is not a violation of the County Rules until the Control Officer takes final action on the application. The Source's ability to operate without a permit as set forth in this paragraph shall be in effect from the date the application is determined to be complete until the final permit is issued. This protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the applicant fails to submit, by the deadline specified in writing by the Control Officer, any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

[County Rule 210 §301.9][A.A.C. R18-2-304.J]

ii. A subcontractor who is engaged in dust-generating operations at a site that is subject to a Dust Control Permit shall register with the Control Officer and follow those registration requirements in Rule 200.

[County Rule 200 §306, 307][SIP Rule 310 §302]

iii. Burn Permit: The Permittee shall obtain a Permit To Burn from the Control Officer before conducting any open outdoor fire except for the activities listed in Rule 314 §303.

[County Rule 314][County Rule 200 §308][SIP Rule 314][A.A.C. R18-2-602.D]

- h. Rights and Privileges:
This Permit does not convey any property rights nor exclusive privilege of any sort.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(h)(4)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.d]
- i. Severability:
The provisions of this Permit are severable, and, if any provision of this Permit is held invalid, the remainder of this Permit shall not be affected thereby.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(g)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.7]
- j. Scope:
The issuance of any permit or permit revision shall not relieve the Permittee from compliance with any Federal laws, Arizona laws, or the County or SIP Rules, nor does any other law, regulation or permit relieve the Permittee from obtaining a permit or permit revision required under the County Rules.
[County Rule 200 §309][A.A.C. R18-2-334.K]
- Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
- i. The provisions of Section 303 of the Act, including the authority of the Administrator pursuant to that section.
- ii. The liability of the Permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance.
- iii. The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Act.
- iv. The ability of the Administrator of the USEPA or of the Control Officer to obtain information from the Permittee pursuant to Section 114 of the Act, or any provision of State law.
- v. The authority of the Control Officer to require compliance with new applicable requirements adopted after the permit is issued.
[County Rule 210 §407.2][A.A.C. R18-2-325.B]
- k. Term of Permit:
This Permit shall remain in effect for no more than 5 years from the date of issuance.
[County Rule 210 §302.1(a), 402][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.1]
- l. Transfer:
Except as provided in ARS §49-429 and Rule 200, this permit may be transferred to another person if the Permittee gives notice to the Control Officer in writing at least 30 days before the proposed transfer and complies with the permit transfer requirements of Rule 200 and the administrative permit amendment procedures pursuant to Rule 210.
[County Rule 200 §404][County Rule 210 §404][A.A.C. R18-2-323.A]

57. Recordkeeping:

- a. Records Required:
The Permittee shall maintain records of all emissions testing and monitoring, records detailing all malfunctions which may cause any applicable emission limitation to be exceeded, records detailing the implementation of approved control plans and compliance schedules, records required as a condition of any permit, records of materials used or produced and any other records relating to the emission of air contaminants which may be requested by the Control Officer.
[County Rule 100 §501][SIP Rule 100 §500][SIP Rule 40][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4]
- b. Retention of Records:
Unless a longer time frame is specified by the Rules or these Permit Conditions, the Permittee shall retain information and records required by either the Control Officer or these Permit Conditions as well as copies of summarizing reports recorded by the Permittee and submitted to the Control Officer for 5 years after the date on which the pertinent report is submitted.
[County Rule 100 §504][SIP Rule 100 §500][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.b]

c. Monitoring Records:

The Permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings or physical records for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit. Records of any monitoring required by this Permit shall include the following:

- i. The date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
- ii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
- iii. The company or entity that performed the analyses;
- iv. The analytical techniques or methods used;
- v. The results of such analyses; and
- vi. The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

[County Rule 210 §§302.1(d), 305.1(b)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a]

d. Right of Inspection of Records:

When the Control Officer has reasonable cause to believe that the Permittee has violated or is in violation of any provision of Rule 100 or any County Rule adopted under Rule 100, or any requirement of this permit, the Control Officer may request, in writing, that the Permittee produce all existing books, records, and other documents evidencing tests, inspections, or studies which may reasonably relate to compliance or noncompliance with County Rules adopted under Rule 100. No person shall fail nor refuse to produce all existing documents required in such written request by the Control Officer.

[County Rule 100 §106][County Rule 210 §302.1(h)(5)][SIP Rule 40][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.e]

58. Reporting:

NOTE: See Permit Condition 45 in conjunction with reporting requirements.

a. Annual Emission Inventory Report:

Upon request of the Control Officer and as directed by the Control Officer, the Permittee shall complete and shall submit to the Control Officer an annual emissions inventory report. The report is due by April 30 or 90 days after the Control Officer makes the inventory forms available, whichever occurs later. The annual emissions inventory report shall be in the format provided by the Control Officer. The Control Officer may require submittal of supplemental emissions inventory information forms for air contaminants under ARS §49-476.01, ARS §49-480.03.

[County Rule 100 §505][SIP Rule 100 §500][A.A.C. R18-2-327.A and B]

b. Data Reporting:

When requested by the Control Officer, the Permittee shall furnish information to locate and classify air contaminant sources according to type, level, duration, frequency and other characteristics of emissions and such other information as may be necessary. This information shall be sufficient to evaluate the effect on air quality and compliance with the County or SIP Rules. The Permittee may be required to submit annually, or at such intervals specified by the Control Officer, reports detailing any changes in the nature of the source since the previous report and the total annual quantities of materials used or air contaminants emitted.

[County Rule 100 §502][SIP Rule 100 §500]

c. Deviation Reporting:

The Permittee shall promptly report deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions. Unless specified otherwise elsewhere in these Permit Conditions, an upset for the purposes of this Permit Condition shall be defined as the operation of any process, equipment or air pollution control device outside of either its normal design criteria or operating conditions specified in this Permit and which results in an exceedance of any applicable emission limitation or standard.

- i. For emissions in excess of permit requirements, the Permittee shall notify the Control Officer by

email, telephone, or facsimile within 24 hours of knowledge of the deviation. A detailed written deviation report shall be submitted within 72 hours of the notification.

- ii. All other deviations that do not result in an exceedance of any applicable emission limitation or standard shall be documented in the same manner, promptly logged in the facility records within 2 working days and included in the next semiannual monitoring report.

The report and documentation in the log shall contain a description of the probable cause of such deviations and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. In addition, the Permittee shall report within a reasonable time any long-term corrective actions or preventive actions taken as the result of any deviations from permit requirements if applicable. All instances of deviations from the requirements of this Permit shall be clearly identified in the semiannual monitoring reports.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(e)][County Rule 140 §500][SIP Rule 140][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5]

d. Emergency Reporting:

The Permittee shall, as soon as possible, telephone the Control Officer giving notice of the emergency and submit notice of the emergency to the Control Officer by certified mail, facsimile, or hand delivery within 2 working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice shall contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.

[County Rule 130 §402.4][A.A.C. R18-2-306.E]

e. Emission Statements Required As Stated In The Act:

Upon request of the Control Officer and as directed by the Control Officer, the Permittee shall provide the Control Officer with an annual emission statement, in such form as the Control Officer prescribes, showing measured actual emissions or estimated actual emissions. At a minimum the emission statement shall contain all information required by the Consolidated Emissions Reporting Rule in 40 CFR Part 51, Subpart A, Appendix A, Table 2A. The statement shall contain emissions for the time period specified by the Control Officer. The statement shall also contain a certification by a responsible official of the company that the information contained in the statement is accurate to the best knowledge of the individual certifying the statement.

[County Rule 100 §503][SIP Rule 100 §500][A.A.C. R18-2-327]

f. Excess Emissions Reporting:

(NOTE: This reporting subsection is associated with Permit Condition 52 section entitled “Excess Emissions”.)

- i. The Permittee shall report to the Control Officer any emissions in excess of the limits established either by the County or SIP Rules or these Permit Conditions. The report shall be in two parts as specified below:

- 1) Notification by Email, telephone or facsimile within 24 hours of the time when the Permittee first learned of the occurrence of excess emissions. This notification shall include all available information listed in Permit Condition 58.f.ii.
- 2) A detailed written notification of an excess emissions report shall be submitted within 72 hours of the telephone notification in Permit Condition 58.f.i.1).

- ii. The excess emissions report shall contain the following information:

- 1) The identity of each stack or other emission point where the excess emissions occurred.
- 2) The magnitude of the excess emissions expressed in the units of the applicable emission limitation and the operating data and calculations used in determining the magnitude of the excess emissions.
- 3) The time and duration or expected duration of the excess emissions.
- 4) The identity of the equipment from which the excess emissions emanated.

- 5) The nature and cause of such emissions.
 - 6) The steps taken if the excess emissions were the result of a malfunction to remedy the malfunction and the steps taken or planned to prevent the recurrence of such malfunction.
 - 7) The steps that were or are being taken to limit the excess emissions.
 - 8) If this Permit contains procedures governing source operation during periods of startup or malfunction and the excess emissions resulted from startup or malfunction, the report shall contain a list of the steps taken to comply with the Permit procedures.
- iii. In the case of continuous or recurring excess emissions, the notification requirements of this section shall be satisfied if the Permittee provides the required notification after excess emissions are first detected and includes in the notification an estimate of the time the excess emissions will continue. Excess emissions occurring after the estimated time period or changes in the nature of the emissions as originally reported shall require additional notification that meets the criteria of this Permit Condition.

[County Rule 140 §500][SIP Rule 140][A.A.C. R18-2-310.01]

g. Other Reporting:

The Permittee shall furnish to the Control Officer, within a reasonable time, any information that the Control Officer may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for revising, revoking and reissuing this permit, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to the Control Officer copies of records required to be kept by this Permit. For information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee shall furnish a copy of such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Permit Condition 47.

[County Rule 210 §302.1(h)(5)][A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.e]

59. Right to Entry and Inspection of Premises:

- a. The Control Officer during reasonable hours, for the purpose of enforcing and administering County or SIP Rules or the Clean Air Act, or any provision of the Arizona Revised Statutes relating to the emission or control prescribed pursuant thereto, may enter every building, premises, or other place, except the interior of structures used as private residences. Every person is guilty of a petty offense under ARS §49-488 who in any way denies, obstructs or hampers such entrance or inspection that is lawfully authorized by warrant.
- b. The Permittee shall allow the Control Officer or his authorized representative, upon presentation of proper credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
 - i. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records are required to be kept pursuant to the conditions of the permit;
 - ii. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are required to be kept pursuant to the conditions of the permit;
 - iii. Inspect, at reasonable times, any sources, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required pursuant to this permit;
 - iv. Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or other applicable requirements; and
 - v. Record any inspection by use of written, electronic, magnetic, and photographic media.

[County Rule 100 §105][County Rule 210 §305.1(f)][SIP Rule 43][A.A.C. R18-2-309.4]

APPENDIX A: Equipment List

Equipment List							
Intel Corporation - Ocotillo Campus							
Permit Number - V15002							
S. No	Fab	Name	Identification	Make	Model	Mfd Date	Capacity
BOILERS							
1	F12	Boiler 1	BLR-32-GD3-1	Johnston	PFTX-1200-3-XID-G-125S	2012	51.7 MMBtu/Hr
2	F12	Boiler 2	BLR-32-GD3-2	Superior	MODEL 6-5-6250	1995	52.5 MMBtu/Hr
3	F12	Boiler 3	BLR-32-GD3-3	Superior	MODEL 6-5-6250	1995	52.5 MMBtu/Hr
4	F12	Boiler 4	BLR-32-GD3-4	Superior	MODEL 6-5-6250	1995	52.5 MMBtu/Hr
5	F32S	Boiler 1	BLR-115-1-210	Johnston	PFTI-750-4G-125W	2000	31.5 MMBtu/Hr
6	F32S	Boiler 2	BLR-115-2-210	Johnston	PFTI-750-4G-125W	2000	31.5 MMBtu/Hr
7	F32S	Boiler 3	BLR-115-3-210	Johnston	PFTI-750-4G-125W	2000	31.5 MMBtu/Hr
8	F32S	Boiler 4	BLR-115-4-210	Johnston	PFTI-750-4G-125W	2000	31.5 MMBtu/Hr
9	F32S	Boiler 5	BLR-115-5-210	Johnston	PFTX-1000-3-125W	2012	42 MMBtu/Hr
10	F32	Boiler 2	BLR-115-31-210	Johnston	PFTX-750-4-125HW	2006	10.5 MMBtu/Hr
11	F42	Boiler 1	BLR-115-1-10	Cleaver Brooks	CBLE-700-800-125HW	2012	14.3 MMBtu/Hr
12	F42	Boiler 2	BLR-115-2-10	Cleaver Brooks	CBLE-700-800-125HW	2012	29.39 MMBtu/Hr
13	F42	Boiler 3	BLR-115-3-10	Cleaver Brooks	CBLE-700-800-125HW	2012	29.39 MMBtu/Hr
14	F42	Boiler 4	BLR-115-4-10	Cleaver Brooks	CBLE-700-350-125HW	2012	29.39 MMBtu/Hr
RCTOs							
15	F12	RCTO 1	VOC-16-FK2-01	Munters	IZS-DS2900-TH	2004	25000 CFM
16	F12	RCTO 2	VOC-16-FK2-02	Munters	IZS-DS2900-TH	2004	25000 CFM
17	F12	RCTO 3	VOC-16-FM2-01	Munters	IZS-DS2900-TH	2004	25000 CFM
18	F12	RCTO 4	VOC-16-FM2-02	Munters	IZS-DS2946-TH	2012	25000 CFM
19	F12	LCE RCTO 1	OCF1C-VOC-138-1-20	Munters	IZS-DS3546-TH	2012	44000 CFM
20	F12	LCE RCTO 2	OCF1C-VOC-138-2-20	Munters	IZS-DS3546-TH	2012	44000 CFM
21	F32S	RCTO 3	VOC-138-3-120	Munters	IZS-DS2946-TH	2011	23400 CFM
22	F32S	RCTO 4	VOC-138-4-120	Munters	IZS-DS2946-TH	2016	25000 CFM
23	F32S	RCTO 5	VOC-138-5-120	Munters	IZS-DS2946-TH	2016	25000 CFM
24	F32	RCTO 1	VOC-138-01-120	Munters	IZS-DS2900-TH	2006	23400 CFM
25	F32	RCTO 2	VOC-138-02-120	Munters	IZS-DS2900-TH	2006	23400 CFM
26	F32	RCTO 3	VOC-138-03-120	Munters	IZS-DS2900-TH	2006	23400 CFM
27	F42	RCTO 1	TBD	Munters	IZS-DS3546-TH	Future Install	44000 CFM
28	F42	RCTO 2	TBD	Munters	IZS-DS3546-TH	2012	44000 CFM
29	F42	RCTO 3	TBD	Anguil	IZS-DS3546-TH	Future Install	90000 CFM
30	F42	RCTO 4	TBD	Anguil	IZS-DS3546-TH	Future Install	90000 CFM
31	F42	RCTO 5	TBD	Anguil	IZS-DS3546-TH	Future Install	90000 CFM
SCRUBBERS							
32	F12	Scrubber 1	SC-12-FB1-1	Harrington	ECV 10.5 9-5 LB	1995	55000 CFM
33	F12	Scrubber 2	SC-12-FB1-2	Harrington	ECV 10.5 9-5 LB	1995	55000 CFM
34	F12	Scrubber 3	SC-12-FB1-3	Harrington	ECV 10.5 9-5 LB	1995	55000 CFM
35	F12	Scrubber 4	SC-12-FB1-4	Harrington	ECV 10.5 9-5 LB	1995	55000 CFM
36	F12	Scrubber 5	SC-12-FB1-5	Harrington	ECV 10.5 9-5 LB	1995	55000 CFM
37	F12	Scrubber 6	SC-12-FB1-6	Harrington	ECV 10.5 9-5 LB	1995	55000 CFM
38	F12	Scrubber 7	SC-12-FB1-7	Harrington	ECV 10.5 9-5 LB	1995	55000 CFM
39	F12	LCE Scrubber 1	SC-12-GS1-1	Celicote APC, Inc.	SPT-108 X 108-60	1998	38000 CFM
40	F12	LCE Scrubber 2	SC-12-GS1-2	Celicote APC, Inc.	SPT-108 X 108-60	1998	38000 CFM
41	F12	LCE Scrubber 3	TBD	TBD	TBD	Future Install	TBD

Equipment List							
Intel Corporation - Ocotillo Campus							
Permit Number - V15002							
S. No	Fab	Name	Identification	Make	Model	Mfd Date	Capacity
42	F12	North Support Scrubber 1	SC-12-FK1-1	Harrington	ECV 8 9-8 LB	1997	34000 CFM
43	F12	North Support Scrubber 2	SC-12-FK1-2	Harrington	ECV 8 9-8 LB	1997	34000 CFM
44	F32S	Scrubber 1	SC133-1-100	Beverly Pacific	PSV-3860-5	2000	50000 CFM
45	F32S	Scrubber 2	SC133-2-100	Beverly Pacific	PSV-3860-5	2000	50000 CFM
46	F32S	Scrubber 3	SC133-3-100	Beverly Pacific	PSV-3860-5	2000	50000 CFM
47	F32S	Scrubber 4	SC133-4-100	Beverly Pacific	PSV-3860-5	2011	50000 CFM
48	F32S	Bridge Scrubber 1	SC133-1-400	Beverly Pacific	MPSV-3860-6.5	2000	60000 CFM
49	F32S	Bridge Scrubber 2	SC133-2-400	Beverly Pacific	MPSH-3860-6.5	2000	60000 CFM
50	F32S	Bridge Scrubber 3	TBD	TBD	TBD	Future Install	60000 CFM
51	F32S	Bridge Scrubber 4	TBD	TBD	TBD	Future Install	60000 CFM
52	F32	Scrubber 1	SC-133-1-100	Celicote APC, Inc.	SPTR-126X126-63	2006	55000 CFM
53	F32	Scrubber 2	SC-133-2-100	Celicote APC, Inc.	SPTR-126X126-63	2006	55000 CFM
54	F32	Scrubber 3	SC-133-3-100	Celicote APC, Inc.	SPTR-126X126-63	2006	55000 CFM
55	F32	Scrubber 4	SC-133-4-100	Celicote APC, Inc.	SPTR-126X126-63	2006	55000 CFM
56	F32	Scrubber 5	SC-133-5-100	Celicote APC, Inc.	SPTR-126X126-63	2006	55000 CFM
57	F42	Scrubber 1	TBD	HEE Environmental	ECV 13.75 13.75-5 QB	2012	95000 CFM
58	F42	Scrubber 2	TBD	HEE Environmental	ECV 13.75 13.75-5 QB	2012	95000 CFM
59	F42	Scrubber 3	TBD	HEE Environmental	ECV 13.75 13.75-5 QB	2012	95000 CFM
60	F42	Scrubber 4	TBD	HEE Environmental	ECV 13.75 13.75-5 QB	2012	95000 CFM
61	F42	Scrubber 5	TBD	HEE Environmental	ECV 13.75 13.75-5 QB	2012	95000 CFM
BSSW							
62	F32S	BSSW Thermal Oxidizer	OX296-1-24A	Catalytic Products	Quadrant SR-300	2011	300 CFM
TRIMIX							
63	F32S/32	Trimix 1 Catalytic Oxidizer	PWB2-OX293-0-70	Catalytic Products	Vector SR 6.5	2011	7500 CFM
64	F32S/32	Trimix 2 Catalytic Oxidizer	PWB2B-OX293-0-70	Catalytic Products	Vector SR 6.5	2013	7500 CFM
65	F42	Trimix 1 Catalytic Oxidizer	TBD	Catalytic Products	Vector SR 6.5	2012	7500 CFM
EMERGENCY GENERATORS & FIRE PUMPS							
66	F12	Emergency Generator 1	F12-EG-95-GE1-001	Caterpillar	3516D1TA	1994	2518 HP
67	F12	Emergency Generator 2	F12-EG-95-GE1-002	Caterpillar	3516D1TA	1994	2518 HP
68	F12	Emergency Generator 3	F12-EG-95-GE1-003	Caterpillar	3516D1TA	1994	2518 HP
69	F12	Emergency Generator 4	F12-EG-95-GE1-004	Caterpillar	3516D1TA	1994	2518 HP
70	F12	Emergency Generator 5	F12-EG-95-GE1-005	Caterpillar	3516D1TA	2004	2518 HP
71	F12	Litho Chiller Pad Emergency Generator 1	F12-EG-6B-GF1-1	Caterpillar	3412C D1TA	2005	897 HP
72	F12	Litho Chiller Pad Emergency Generator 2	TBD	Caterpillar	3516C-HD	2016	3634 HP
73	F12	Litho Chiller Pad Emergency Generator 3	TBD	Caterpillar	3516C-HD	2016	3634 HP
74	F12	Litho Chiller Pad Emergency Generator 4	TBD	Caterpillar	3516C-HD	2016	3634 HP
75	F32S	CPS Emergency Generator 1	F22-10-CPS-01	Caterpillar	3516D1TA (2001)	2000	2518 HP

Equipment List							
Intel Corporation - Ocotillo Campus							
Permit Number - V15002							
S. No	Fab	Name	Identification	Make	Model	Mfd Date	Capacity
76	F32S	CPS Emergency Generator 2	F22-10-CPS-02	Caterpillar	3516D1TA (2001)	2000	2518 HP
77	F32S	CPS Emergency Generator 3	F22-10-CPS-03	Caterpillar	3516D1TA (2001)	2000	2518 HP
78	F32S	CPS Emergency Generator 4	F22-10-CPS-04	Caterpillar	3516D1TA (2001)	2000	2518 HP
79	F32S	Emergency Generator 1	F22-GEN-1	Cummins	1750 DQKB	2000	2922 HP
80	F32S	Emergency Generator 2	F22-GEN-2	Cummins	1750 DQKB	2000	2922 HP
81	F32S	Emergency Generator 3	F22-GEN-3	Cummins	1750 DQKB	2000	2922 HP
82	F32S	Emergency Generator 4	F22-GEN-4	Cummins	1750 DQKB	2000	2922 HP
83	F32	Litho Emergency Generator 1	F32-606-LCS-GEN-1	Caterpillar	3516C D1TA (2007)	2007	2937 HP
84	F32	Litho Emergency Generator 2	F32-606-LCS-GEN-2	Caterpillar	3516C D1TA (2007)	2007	2937 HP
85	F32	Litho Emergency Generator 3	F32-EC2-LCS-GEN-3	MTU Onsite Energy	2000-XC6DT2	2010	3058 HP
86	F32	Litho Emergency Generator 4	F32-EC2-LCS-GEN-4	MTU Onsite Energy	2000-XC6DT2	2010	3058 HP
87	F32	Emergency Generator 1	F32-604-GEN-1	Cummins	DQKC (2007)	2006	2922 HP
88	F32	Emergency Generator 2	F32-604-GEN-2	Cummins	DQKC (2007)	2006	2922 HP
89	F32	Emergency Generator 3	F32-604-GEN-3	Cummins	DQKC (2007)	2006	2922 HP
90	F32	Emergency Generator 4	F32-604-GEN-4	Cummins	2000DQKAB (2009)	2008	2922 HP
91	F12	Fire Pump 1	F12-FP-23-PUMP1-001	Caterpillar	3306BT (1995)	1994	275 HP
92	F12	Fire Pump 2	F12-FP-23-PUMP1-002	Caterpillar	3306BT (1995)	1994	275 HP
93	F42	Emergency Generator 1A	F42-GEN-1A	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2011	3680 HP
94	F42	Emergency Generator 1B	F42-GEN-1B	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2011	3680 HP
95	F42	Emergency Generator 2A	F42-GEN-2A	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2011	3680 HP
96	F42	Emergency Generator 2B	F42-GEN-2B	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2011	3680 HP
97	F42	Emergency Generator 3A	F42-GEN-3A	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2011	3680 HP
98	F42	Emergency Generator 3B	F42-GEN-3B	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2011	3680 HP
99	F42	Emergency Generator 1C	F42-GEN-1C	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2012	3680 HP
100	F42	Emergency Generator 2C	F42-GEN-2C	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2012	3680 HP
101	F42	Emergency Generator 3C	F42-GEN-3C	Cummins Power	2500 DQLE	2012	3680 HP
102	F42	BRW Emergency Generator	F42-BRW-GEN1	Caterpillar	C15 D1TA	2012	546 HP
103	F42	IWW Emergency Generator	TBD	Caterpillar	3516C-HD	2016	3634 HP
COOLING TOWERS							
104	F12	Cooling Towers	F12-CT-29-GG5-(001 to 010)	SPX/Marley	UL-3030-125-19P6	1995	6960 GPM
105	F32S	Cooling Towers	F22-OCC2-CT-114-(1 to 7)-210	SPX/Marley	UL-3030-125-19P6	2000	6960 GPM
106	F32	Cooling Towers	F32-CT-114-(31 to 36)-210	SPX/Marley	UL-3030-125-19P6	2006	6960 GPM
107	F42	Cooling Towers	F42-BC1A-CT114-(1 to 14)-10	SPX	UL-3036-125-19P6	2012	8000 GPM

Equipment List							
Intel Corporation - Ocotillo Campus							
Permit Number - V15002							
S. No	Fab	Name	Identification	Make	Model	Mfd Date	Capacity
LIME SILOS							
108	F12	HFW Lime Silo	TK266-1-40	Imperial Industries	60-40 14-0-X 35-10	2011	3100 Cu. Ft. 62.02 tons
109	F32S	HFW Lime Silo	TK266-1-40	Imperial Industries	60-40 14-0-X 35-10	2006	3100 Cu. Ft. 62.02 tons
110	F32	HFW Lime Silo	TK266-1-40	Imperial Industries	60-40 14-0-X 35-10	2010	3100 Cu. Ft. 62.02 tons
POU HCI SCRUBBERS							
111	F32	HCL Analyzer Abatement	POU_WSCRUB 1 F32	Edwards	Helios		0.1 CFM
112	F32S	HCL Analyzer Abatement	POU_WSCRUB 2 F32S	Ebara	Airgard		0.1 CFM
113	F42	HCL Analyzer Abatement	TBD	Ebara	Airgard		0.1 CFM
IWW ODOR CONTROL SCRUBBERS							
114	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
115	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 2	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
116	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 3	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
117	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 4	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
118	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 5	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
119	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 6	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
120	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 7	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
121	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 8	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
122	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 9	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
123	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 10	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
124	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 11	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
125	F42	IWW Odor Control Scrubber 12	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD